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The North Carolinian.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN POWER JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT

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One of the largest stock farms in the world is the great Percheron horse farm of Mark W. Dunham, near Aurora, Ill. Mr. Dunham started by importing twenty horses in 1873. Since that time his annual importations have reached 300, and he has become a millionaire several times over.

The population of France is stationary. The reason, asserts the New York Independent, is in the statistics of families. Out of over ten millions households there are over two millions in which there are no children, two and a half millions with only one, two and a half millions with two, and one and a half million with three. Late marriages and small families are the explanation of the decadence of France.

It is a singular fact that the great men seldom leave direct descendants. Napolean, Wellington, Washington all prove this rule. Shakspeare left only two daughters, whose children died without issue. Probably the nearest relative to the great poet now living is one Thomas Hart, a resident of Australia, who is said to be the eighth in descent from Shakspeare's sister Joan. Walter Scott's line ended with the second or third generation.

A new colonial coinage is being struck in Rome for traffic between the Italian ports on the Red Sea and Abyssinia. The coins consist of two francs, one franc and fifty centime pieces, bearing the portrait of King Humbert and the value of each coin in Italian and Amharic. There are two "crowns," or five franc pieces, which resemble the Maria Theresa dollar, but display the effigies of King Humbert and Emperor Menelsk on the two sides.

During the past year the capitalization of railroads per mile of road has been reduced but there has been a slight increase in the amount of debt, which is now larger than ever before and about 10 per cent. in excess of the capital placed upon the same road. The average cost of road and equipment is put at $53,566 per mile, and it is rather interesting to note that the cost of the road has remained just about the same, while the total has been increased over 40,000 miles.

Trustworthy figures, recently compiled, show the mileage of street car track in the United States and Canada to be nearly 9000. Horse railways occupy 5902, electric railways 1753, dummy lines 556 and cable lines 441. The number of electric roads now in operation is 264 against 44 cable roads. Some idea of the enormous proportions to which the street railroad traffic has attained can be gained from the fact that in one city, St. Louis, the whole population is carried 110 times a year by the street cars, and in the state of New York the statistics of the surface railways for the year ending September, 1889, show that the whole population of the state was carried nearly sixty times. If to the surface lines were added the elevated roads, the number of trips per individual would be over eighty.

Massachusetts Bureau of Statistics of Labor has issued an interesting report relating to women in industry as partners, stockholders, and employers in that State. Of the 28,294 partners in 33 industries, 1760 are women; of the 42,731 stockholders, 11,752 are women; and women are found as employes in 20 industries, as follows: Artists, authors, boarding-housekeepers, clairvoyants, clerks, domestics, dressmakers, hat and cap makers, milliners, operatives (mill and factory), printers, operatives, (sewing-machine), physicians, seamstresses, shoemakers, storekeepers, straw and palm leaf workers, tailoresses, teachers, teachers (music). "The figures given and comparisons made show conclusively," comments the Baltimore Sun, "that the presence of women in industry has not decreased the number of births or marriages, nor increased the number of deaths."

In the district of Bratzlav, Government of Podol, the peasants working in the fields of a rich farmer struck for higher wages. He paid them only 20 kopecks a day and provisions, while the peasants working in his fields in the adjoining district he paid 25 kopecks. They wanted him to pay them the same wages as the others received. As he would not listen to their demands, they one day surrounded his office, threatening to kill him. He jumped out of the window and ran homeward. The peasants pursued him, broke into the house, and got him out. Beating him mercilessly, they threw him upon a cart and took him to their village, where they locked him up in a dark, wet, and exceedingly dirty hut, placing a watch around it. A neighboring farmer informed the district judge of the occurrence. The latter, arriving in the village the next day, found the peasants so determined that he had to pay them a ransom of 300 rubles for their captive. The farmer was taken to his house in a very dangerous condition.

Too Young for Love.

Too young for love?
Ah, say not so!
Tell reddening rosebuds not to blow!
Wait not for spring to pass away—
Love's summer months begin with May!
Too young for love?
Ah, say not so!
Too young? Too young?
Ah, no! no! no!

Too young for love?
Ah, say not so,
While daisies bloom and tulips glow!
June will come with lengthened day
To practice all love learned in May.
Too young for love?
Ah, say not so!
Too young? Too young?
Ah, no! no! no!

—[Oliver Wendell Holmes, in Atlantic Monthly.

THE STORM AT SEA.

BY MARY C. FRESTON.

It was a still, calm night at sea. The waters scarcely murmured as the good bark Swallow glided through them. Almost it would seem as if they slept, but here and there a wavering reflection of the moon which ever and anon escaped from the fleeces that sailed about her, told that the unquiet heart of the ocean was pulsing still, albeit silently.

Harold Jerome stood leaning silently over the rail, seemingly lost to his surroundings, dreaming of the land he had left or the land to which he was returning—a stalwart, manly figure, cut clear against the mingling sea and sky.

And yet he was not thinking of any spot on which his wandering feet had trodden, nor was he fondly dwelling on the home to which he was bound, as his eyes traced the broad plain of waters; he was listening, heart and soul, to the voice that was caroling forth so sweetly the words of a song familiar to his youth.

Youth! Had he lost it in the alien countries he had visited—on the banks of the Rhone, in the Scottish hills of heather, in the shadows of the snow-clad Alps, in the valleys beside the Rhine? Nay; but the white hands of the singer yonder had torn it from his heart ere he had gone roaming.

So strange that they should meet again after all the long years of their severance and meet on board a vessel bound for the land in which they parted; yet so they had met, two days before, and looked in each other's faces with the blank, unrecognizing gaze of strangers.

"She has wholly forgotten. Low, sweet and clear her voice is—one is reminded of the German legends of the Lorelei," said Harold bitterly to himself, as out on the night rang the strains of "Larboard Watch."

Far up in the shrouds a sailor took up the refrain and sang it softly, below his breath. In England a bonnie lass had sung it for him many a time and oft, and her healthy, rosy face arose before the mental vision of the sailor as he sang so softly.

But the face of the woman sitting in the fading and flashing light of the moon was the only object visible to Harold Jerome. Although his eyes were turned to the waters he saw it as it looked in the hour of their parting—white and set and scornful, because he had said words which might not be forgiven and doubt had crept in where love and faith had stolen first.

"It was a very little thing that parted us," he whispered very low at last; "a lover's unreasoning jealousy, as I knew later. I knew it when it was too late, my lost Lucille, and oh, how perfectly you have forgotten!"

He turned and looked at her; fair still, for all the years that had passed since she had loved him; stately, calm, perhaps a thought too cold, but still a gracious woman; surrounded by her friends, clad in a long robe which looked almost white in the uncertain light, with her darkly crowned head against the back of her steamer chair, she looked one who had set her foot on all remembrance which could bring regret; and from her lips rang the old, old song: "Larboard Watch Ahoy!"

"She has forgotten; why is she still reserved?" he asked himself as he watched her. "I would be tempted to fling myself on my knees before her there and pray her for at least a kindly thought, but that I know that love, burning out once, leaves only ashes behind which any breeze may scatter and no power warm."

The captain and first mate presently passed close by him.

"Those clouds mean storm, sir," the mate was saying; "best be prepared to meet it."

"Yes," answered the captain, scanning a rolling mass in the southwest with anxious eyes; "we're in for a gale, or I'm mistaken; but we mustn't alarm the passengers."

Then they passed beyond hearing and Harold turned again to the sea.

No longer like a sheet of silver, with wavering reflections here and there, it was suddenly growing dark and sullen looking, and faint flecks of foam marked the rising of the billows.

Old traveler that he was, accustomed to danger by land and sea, he read the portents in that cloud and his face paled a little through its bronze.

Far off he saw the curling foam-crests, even before a sharp breath from the stormy demon struck on his cheek; then there was a hurrying of the sailors hither and thither, a slight heaving of the vessel, a total disappearance of the moon behind the rolling bank of cloud, and then the passengers were sent to the cabin and Harold Jerome, laying his strong hand on the rail, stood calm in the gathering might of the tempest.

The hours wore on, and with them the gale that tore hungrily at the Swallow, seemed to increase; ever and anon, from the darkness of the sky, came a keen flash of light, followed by crashes that were deafening; rising like demons that have burst their chains, the roaring, maddened billows swept the vessel from stem to stern, bearing all loose objects with them—bearing in the weird, faint dawn, a human life.

Harold Jerome did not join the other passengers below; through all the hours of the long night he worked with the captain and his men, striving to baffle the tempest; his hand it was that fell upon the wheel when the man there sank back exhausted; his hand it was which struck the firmest blows when cordage had to be severed and a broken spar sent out to the waters, and his strong hand it was which tore back one victim from the hungry jaws of the sea as once it swept the deck.

And day dragged on and still the suddenly born tempest raged and tore; the engines refused to work, the fires were out, the wheel was broken; the Swallow, with her human freight, was at the mercy of the waters.

In the dimness of a pallid and sorrowful dawn, through which struggled a faint reluctant sun, the vessel, with a crashing jar, rocked on the sharp teeth of a reef.

Then there was despair on the broad deck of the Swallow, for hope was over; save for the frail promise of the life-boats, they were doomed!

With white, despairing face the passengers gathered on the deck, waiting to be lowered to the boats, and Harold Jerome found himself at last beside Lucille.

He held out his hands to her and she placed hers within them and clung to him like a terrified child; and so standing, with hand clapsed in hand for the first time in years, the two who had loved long before waited their turn to descend to the boat.

Once the captain touched Lucille on the arm and motioned for her to advance, but she shook her head and pointed to a mother who was standing near by clasping her infant to her breast. So the mother and child were lowered and the life-boat set free. It pitched a moment on the waters and went down before their eyes.

Lucille, with a cry, covered her face with her hands and Harold drew her into the shelter of his arms, unreproved.

In this hour of peril, with the shadow of death over them, it seemed that the old love lived again—nay, had never died.

The last boat was lowered—filled; one place remained and Harold drew Lucille towards the vessel's side.

"My love," he said, at her ear, "we may not meet again on earth; I go with the ship's officers on a raft we have prepared. But I would have you know that, through all the years since our parting, I have loved you as I did in those happy days when we thought we would be always together. Now farewell, my dearest. In life or death, on earth or in heaven, my life's love is yours and yours only."

They were at the ship's side as he finished. For answer she put up her lips and met his kiss. Then she clung to him with passionate strength.

"I will not go—I will not go!" she cried, her voice ringing out through the surge of the wind. "Let another have the place reserved for me—some one who has love on shore. My love is here. I wait for the raft."

"Nay, that would be folly, my Lucille," cried Harold, and he strove to loosen her clinging hands that he might pass her over the ship's side.

Ere he succeeded, the ropes that held the lifeboat parted, she shot from the side of the Swallow, was caught on a wave and borne away, away, while Harold looked down sadly in the face below him and caught a smile like sunlight there.

"My love," he said, "my precious one, you have chosen death."

"With you," she answered, and his heart bounded at the surety that love, on either side, had never died.

The raft was already constructed, they had but to launch it, which they did at once, and Lucille Blancoe found herself on the wide waste of waters, with a pale sky above her and winds tearing by, and realizing that death might be in every wave that billowed toward her, she did not shrink; her hand was in Harold's, her head lay restfully upon his shoulder; she could die so content.

There, between the sky and sea, all that had seemed great enough to part them in the old days was explained away and found a very trifle.

"To have lost all those years of happiness, and now to meet only to touch hand with hand and die!" was the thought in Harold's heart, as their frail support was ever and anon swept by a mighty wave.

But death was not to come to them there; the God who cares for the sparrow turns not His eyes from the castaway at sea.

In the noon-hour of the following day a stately vessel sighted and picked them up; and a fortnight later, Lucille and Harold, whose severed lives the storm had once more linked in love, were made man and wife in the parlor of a New York hotel.

The Deadly Single Instance.

"How a single incident may become representative!" exclaims the Chicago Advance. "General Schenck is popularly supposed to have spent the larger part of his evenings with Dukes and Duchesses, Marquises and Marchionesses, teaching them the great American game, and yet I believe the evidence is that it was only upon one evening, and only as an accident of that evening, that the American Minister at the Court of St. James' said a word as to the game of poker. Andrew Johnson is commonly supposed to have been a drunkard. The common supposition had its origin in the fact that at the time of his inauguration he was intoxicated. He was; but it was the last as it was the first time. He was suffering from a serious and annoying disease.

At the recommendation of a friend he took a strong dose of brandy just before the public exercises of the inauguration. The charges of his political enemies that he was drunk were true. Drinking was not his habit. So a Minister, from a single incident, gains a reputation which is not pleasing. For the sake of keeping an appointment, he may drive a horse so hard as to produce lasting injuries; this incident may be the cause of a reputation that he delights in fast horses and is also cruel. Beware of suffering yourself to be the subject of a conspicuous and publicly known exceptional incident; do not allow yourself to draw references from a single incident."

Much to Answer For.

Americans have taken the hammock to their hearts, and a summer bereft of one would be dreary and unromantic to those who wish to bask in the light of Hymen's torch. As an aid to flirtation it is twin sister to a fan. If a young couple ever trust themselves to the support of the same hammock at the same time, Cupid has his own way thereafter. The pair must of necessity be brought into such sweet proximity that every particle of formality and reserve is melted away. One may withdraw from his fair one on a bench, may hold aloof while seated on the same grassy bank, and may hitch his chair away, or closer, as his feelings may dictate.

But in the same hammock one can do none of these things. He can only submit to fate and propinquity and be led delightfully to the momentous question. The hammock has come to take the place once held by the narrow sleigh. Fate and the weather have ordained that the days of the cutter's existence are ended, but a kinder fate has supplied the hammock. It is fashioned much like a spider's web. But who would not willingly be a fly when the web holds a charming maiden? And what man is there with soul so dead who is not glad that the hammock has come to stay?

Avoid Danger.

Nowadays, when electricity is such a terrible agent for mischief if not understood, it is rash to meddle with any wire hanging from pole or house. It may not be dangerous, but it is like a loaded gun—it may kill you. If an electric wire lies across your path and it becomes absolutely necessary to remove it, bear these points in mind: So long as the wire is on the ground it is harmless no matter what pressure may be on it; the moment it leaves the ground it is dangerous. You can pull the slack with your hand or foot any distance, so long as the end touches the ground, but do not lift it. The instant you do, you become part of the electric circuit and the current will run to the ground through your body. Let those who will laugh at your cowardice—but don't touch the wires.

A Profitable Error.

Last May a man handed a ten-pound note, as he thought, to a book-maker to bet on a certain horse, and his state of mind may be imagined when, after the horse won, he discovered that he had accidentally bet a thousand-pound note instead of a "tenner," and had won sixty thousand dollars instead of six thousand dollars.

Jack Rabbits Strict Vegetarians.

The festive jack rabbit is a strict vegetarian, and will not touch grease of any kind, nor will he tackle vegetables that are seasoned with grease. Orchardists in Colorado take advantage of his fastidiousness, and protect their trees from his incisors by rubbing the body of the tree with a bacon rind.

A SHERIFF'S NERVE.

Stories About a Remarkably Brave Wyoming Official.

Locking Himself in a Jail Corridor with Five Prisoners.

"I think that the bravest man I ever knew," said the colonel, "was one of the worst. His name was Kit Castle, and for some years, so long ago that my hair grows grayer when I think of it, he was sheriff of Utah county, Wyoming. Kit had his own peculiar code of morals like a good many other Western men of that day. He borrowed money in the most reckless fashion, but he always paid it back to the last cent. He never broke a promise. But he would cheat at cards at every opportunity. He couldn't help it. Everyone knew that he cheated, but no man was ever bold enough to say so in his face, for Castle was not afraid of anything that walked or crawled, and he was a dead shot every time his big finger pressed a trigger. He was over six feet in height, a lion in strength, and a tiger when in a rage.

"He started out alone on horseback once when he was sheriff to capture two horse thieves. He was gone for a week, and people began to think that Kit had got the worst of a hard fight, when he rode into town one evening and stalked up to a bar.

"'Where are your men, Kit?' some one asked with a laugh, thinking they had slipped him.

"The sheriff pulled from his belt three revolvers and laid them down. Then he went out to his horse and, unfastening two pairs of spurs from the saddle, came back and threw them jingling and ringing on the bar counter.

"'One of them revolvers is mine,' said Kit, slowly. 'All the rest is souvenirs'—'souveneers,' he pronounced it. 'I had 60 miles to ride back, and I hadn't the time to lead two horses with the corpses of two horse thieves tied on their backs.' That was all he ever said about the fight.

"Perhaps a more villainous set of scoundrels was never collected than the prisoners whom Castle always had in the county jail. The jail was of stone and was in the rear of the court house. Inside the place was lined with sheet iron, and along the end ran the heavily barred cells.

"One evening the sheriff went into the jail to see if his prisoners were all right for the night. One of them had gotten out of his cell and had then released four other desperadoes. When Kit opened the door into the jail the men started for him with a rush. Kit had time to spring through the door and close it, and his prisoners would have been as secure in the iron walled corridor as in their cells. But the sight of the five men maddened him and he threw the door shut with a loud clang, locking himself in the room with the others.

"Drawing his revolver he leaped at the men flushed with anger. He was too enraged to shoot them. He wanted to punish them for daring to attack him. His strength and energy were tremendous, and he hurled the five men into one of the iron corners. Pushing them and knocking them about, he beat them over the head and shoulders and arms with the butt of his revolver until they screamed at the top of their voices in their helpless agony. Then, his teeth shut close together in his great jaw, he picked them up one by one and pitched them into their cells, securely fastening the bolts.

"Such daring and recklessness as his could belong only to a man who did not know the name of physical fear. He was a born fighter, and as a soldier in a battle would have been remorselessly fierce. But he had one enemy stronger than he. Whisky snapped his life when he was in his prime."—[Atlanta Constitution.

Forks.

The earliest distinct mention of the established use of forks occurs in a curious passage of Coryates' "Crudities," a singular book of travels published in England in 1611. The author says: "Here I will mention a thing that might have been spoken of before in the discourse of the first Italian towns. I observed a custom in all these Italian cities and towns through which I passed that is not used in any other country I saw in my travels, neither do I think any other nation of Christendom doth use it, but only in Italy. The Italians, and also most strangers that are travelling in Italy, do always at their meals use a little fork when they cut their meat."

An Excellent Preventive of Cholera.

American naval officers who have adopted the cholera belt in the tropics find it so beneficial that they often retain it in all latitudes. It is simply a broad band of flannel worn night and day the year around tight about the waist, so as to protect the stomach from sudden changes of temperature. It is an excellent preventive of stomachic disorders.

Interesting Relics.

A rusty musket and an ancient silver watch were found at the bottom of the Merrimac river a few days ago which suggest an interesting history. The musket was broken at the grip and otherwise showed marks of damage. The hammer was down and there was no bullet inside. The watch is the more interesting relic of the two; its exterior and interior are finely engraved, but only the latter can be seen, as the action of the water has worn away most of the outer engraving. It is a hunting scene, showing an Indian on snowshoes armed with a knife and a hatchet, awaiting the charge of a moose that had turned at day.

The inside of the outer case bears this inscription: "Presented to Joshua Armstrong on his 21st birthday by his loving mother, Prudence Armstrong, April 10, 1620." The inscription of the maker is as follows: "John Bowles, Astrologer to his Majesty, 198 Threadneedle Street, London." The discovery has given rise to many speculations; it is possible the place was the scene of a tragedy, as it was a famous stamping-ground of the Indians, and is near where they buried their dead and the squaws cultivated maize. The dates show that the watch might have been on the spot when the Indians held the land, and the action of the water upon it indicates that it has laid at the bottom of the river for many generations.—[Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

On the Look-Out.

Brazilians have more than their share of curiosity. Loving to see and be seen, they lounge in their balconies or hang over the sill, that they may show their interest in every animal or human being that passes. If a mansion is situated at some distance from the street, there is a pretty little summer-house near the gate, where the family may sit and see what goes on outside. During business hours, in the busiest streets may be seen groups of men standing and gossiping. The doorways of the stores will be blocked by merchants staring into the street. If a customer enters a store, the merchant receives him with a nonchalant air, as if he cared nothing for money in comparison with a lazy life. Often the merchant answers that he has not the article the customer wishes; if the customer discovers it, the merchant smiles and arches his eyebrows. Or the merchant, opening a case and motioning the customer to search for what he has asked, returns to the street door and looks out. The curiosity of the Brazilians is morbid.

The Opal.

While most gems owe their tint to the presence of some foreign coloring matter, the many-hued and beautiful opal differs. It is opaque, deriving its beauty from the marvellous property it possesses of decomposing the rays of light, and thus reflecting from its polished surface all the colors of the rainbow. It needs, therefore, no brilliant, but appears to best advantage when alone. It is at present among the most prized of gems, and has held its place for years. Marc Antony once offered £170,000 for an opal the size of a hazel nut; but the owner, Nonius, a Roman Senator, preferred exile to parting with his treasure. In spite of their value, opals are unsafe investments, for time and exposure dim their lustre, while their sensitiveness to heat is so great that the warmth of the hand has been known to crack them. The finest stones come from Hungary; and among the Austrian crown jewels are gems of greater size than that which tempted the Roman Emperor.—[London Court Journal.

An Odd Bird.

A curious wader is the thick-knee or Norfolk plover, a bird of the wilds and downs. The two stone-colored eggs are laid on the waste, in the midst of which they so exactly resemble actual stones it would be almost impossible to detect them from a little distance. The only way to find the eggs is to watch the movements of the old birds from some distance with a field-glass, as the hen-bird, on laying the eggs, runs for some distance before rising, thus luring the intruder into the belief that the spot from which she rises is the position of the eggs, unless with his trusty binoculars he has watched the progress of the maneuvers. Another curious habit of the thick-knee is to crouch along the ground. Perhaps, like the ostrich, the bird imagines that he is not seen.—[English Illustrated Magazine.

Not Very Bad.

On a famous yacht, the other day, the host offered one of his guests a drop of whiskey, and as the two drained their tumblers, the entertainer remarked, "That's not very bad is it?" "No," said the other man, solemnly; "no whiskey is very bad."

Enough for the Present.

First Belligerent: "Want any more?"

Second Belligerent (breaking into a run): "If I do I'll notify you by letter."—[Epoch.

A Financier of Four.

Master Tommy, a boy of four, has developed an early fondness for dimes and nickels, and, although he seldom asks directly for them, wherever he goes the air is full of hints. There is an old lady living near Tom's home who is very fond of him, but who also is extremely careful of her small change, so that none of it ever finds its way into the little financier's pockets. Tom had nearly exhausted ingenuity in hinting, and at last, by a fortunate hit, succeeded.

He went over there the other morning in a penniless condition and leaned affectionately against the knee of his old friend, who at once possessed herself of one of his chubby hands and began to fondle it.

"I would give a thousand dollars to have such a nice little boy as you for my own," she said, petting him.

"How much is a thousand dollars?" asked Tom, with wide open eyes.

"It is a great deal of money," said the old lady, with a sigh.

"Am I worth as much as that if papa would sell me?" inquired the young speculator.

"Yes, dear, and a great deal more," said his friend.

"Then," said Tom, with a cherubic smile, "don't you think it is worth a nickel just to hold my hand?"

A Headless Rattlesnake.

Prof. Brewer of Yale recently at Meriden told a good snake story. Years ago he was in California, and had his tripod and other surveyor's instruments in the field. Stepping along in the bushes he felt a movement under his feet, and found that he was standing on a 4 1-2 foot rattlesnake—a large, vicious and fighting fellow. But the snake was so completely pinioned that he could not strike the thick boot that held him fast. Prof. Brewer held the rattler's head down with his tripod and cut it off. Then he cut off his rattles. Stepping aside, he saw the body of the snake partly coiled, lying very still. Taking out his rule to measure its length, the Professor took hold of the serpent to straighten him out.

"Quick as an electric shock," said Prof. Brewer, "that headless snake brought the bloody stump over and struck a hard blow upon the back of my hand. I knew that his head was off and that he could not poison me, but that quick and hard blow of the rattler fairly made my hair stand on end."

Prof. Williams, standing by, said: "I have on two or three occasions seen similar sudden blows by headless rattlesnakes."—[Hartford Times.

The Left Hand and Health.

In connection with the subject of the quality of the brain there is one point of great importance about which I can only say a few words, writes Dr. Brown Sequard in the Forum. It is that we have a great many motor elements in our brain and our spinal cord which we neglect absolutely to educate. Such is the case particularly with the elements which serve the movements of the left hand. Perhaps, however, fathers and mothers will be more ready to develop the natural powers of the left hand of their children, giving them thereby two powerful hands, if they accept that, as I believe, the health of the brain and spinal cord would improve if all their motor elements were fully exercised.

Getting Satan Behind Her, to Push.

Armand—Come! Fly with me, I implore you?

Camille—Never! Sir, you insult me.

Armand—What! You will not go?

Camille—I will resist you with all strength of my woman's nature. If you would tear me from this place, you must first drug me and render me unconscious. You will find a bottle of chloroform on the bureau over there.—[From an unproduced drama by Dumas.

Artificial Ice a Success.

The manufacture of artificial ice has been begun in Reading, Pa., and the enterprise is already pronounced a decided success. The ice is made into cakes of one hundred pounds each, and is declared to be of the finest quality. The retail price is the same as that of natural ice. Several of the big brewing companies of Reading have decided to manufacture artificial ice. The Reading Brewing Company is now manufacturing artificial ice by the ammonia process.

Good Society.

The extremes of individuals serve to balance society, and out of their manifold differences is produced her harmonious progress. Just as the perfection of a curve demands that its successive portions shall have constantly differing directions, so the best good of society requires that each individual shall think his own thoughts, live his own life instead of copying or being merged into those of his neighbors.

Made $50,000 With His Pen.

"That man once made $50,000 by his pen."

"Is he an author?"

"No, a forger."

Fate.

Why toil 'gainst fate—fate triumphs at the last;
What is to be is fixed as is the past.
Success in some brief scheme but blinds our eyes,
And lose or win, 'tis fate gives or denies.
The past was once the future—the iconoclast
Ne'er breathed who undertook to change the past.
Yet all would mould the future; grope, poor man
Aspiring to recast the eternal plan!
Uncertain means unseen—some clearly see
That which to most is shrouded mystery,
And see 'tis fixed and changeless as the past;
What they see not is none the less forecast
If aught is destined, naught is left to chance
Events rest on each other—the omniscient glance
Notes what will be as plain as what has been,
Nor can change come to that which is foreseen.

—[J. R. Graham in Boston Transcript.

HUMOROUS.

Called down—Feathers.

A cheering word—Hurrah.

Well backed up—The camel.

Hope that is over—The lucky miner's find.

Claws in the will—Fingers of the lawyers.

High tied—The couple that were married in a balloon.

A horse may pull with all his might, but never with his mane.

"No noose is good news" to the man who expects to be hanged.

Mirrors are for the indolent; they encourage idle reflections.

It is when a fellow is broke that he most feels the need of change.

It is probably the number of tars on board which makes a vessel pitch.

The peculating bookkeeper becomes so cowardly that he dares not strike a balance.

The course of true love never did run smooth, and it would not be half the fun if it did.

"He laughs best who laughs last," doesn't apply to the man who is slow in appreciating a joke.

"Don't you think young Reginald De Jones a very promising youth?" "Very. I'm his tailor."

"Which is the best position in which to sleep?" asked a patient. "I usually lie down," replied the doctor.

A penny saved is a penny earned; but the pocket piece you carry ten years accumulates no interest.

Wibble—They are now making policemen's clubs out of paper. Wabble—Rapping paper, I presume?

Slightly different.—Minister—Are you going to the church, miss? Miss Highsee—No, sir; I'm only a member of the choir, sir.

"What makes you write your articles in red ink?" "Oh, I'd like to make sure of their being red some time or another."

Judge—Well, officer, who is this prisoner? Officer O'Hooley—Plaze, yer Honor, I captured the mon, but his name eschaped me.

Ella (spitefully)—Their marriage was nothing but a trade union. Sophie—A trade union? Ella—Yes; she traded her money for his title.

Mother (of spoiled child)—I am greatly obliged to you for bringing my little boy back. Organ Grinder—I fraida he teacha munk bada tricks.

Daughter—Father, I believe I was born to marry a nobleman. Father—Yes, but, daughter, try to look on the bright side of life—perhaps you'll die.

Barber (executing an artistic swipe down his customer's cheek)—Does it pull? Customer (with his teeth firmly set)—No—it doesn't pull—it excavates.

Professor (to class in horology)—"If a cheap watch were brought you to be repaired, how would you begin?" Bright Student—"By asking the owner to pay in advance."

From the frequency with which the words, "Take the elevator," meet the eye inside numerous buildings about town, one might almost imagine property owners were anxious to give everybody a "lift."

No wonder that we're feeling blue,
There's nothing left us to console,
For when the summer time we're through
The iceman turns us over to
The one who deals in coal.

Not to be Described.

An anatomist once told me that I could not tell him which was my right hand. I immediately held out my right hand, but he objected. He said that he did not say that I could not show or extend my right hand, but that I could not tell him which was my right hand—that is, that I could not describe it in words, so that one who had never heard of the distinction we make between the right and the left hands would be able to find it. I thought that would be easy enough also until I took time to think the matter over, then I gave it up, for on the outside of the human body there is nothing to distinguish the right hand from the left. No one can describe it in words so that an ignorant person (one not knowing the distinctions we make) can find and locate it.

The North Carolinian.

Published Every Tuesday.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of the interest of the Albemarle District solicited.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Chief Justice:
CHARLES PRICE.
For Associate Justice:
WM. T. FAIRCLOTH.
For Superior Court Judges:
2d District, F. D. Winston.
4th District, O. J. Spears.
7th District, W. P. Bynum Jr.
8th District, A. L. Coble.
10th District, J. W. Bowman.
For Congress:
CLAUDE M. KERNAIN,
of Pitt.
For Solicitor:
CHARLES C. POOL,
of Pasquotank.
For Senators—First District:
JOHN W. HALSTEAD,
of Camden.
ENOCH T. SNIPES,
of Hertford.

THEY SAY, AND WE SAY.

The Democrats say that Protection does not protect; that the Protective Tariff injures instead of benefits the laboring man, the manufacturers, and the general interests of the country. We Republicans say that it benefits all interests, all industries and all classes.

They say it injures everything except the specific thing protected. We say that the history of the country shows that under the influence of low or non-protective tariffs, mills and factories have been closed, labor has been cheapened, idleness has been enforced, and that under protective tariff mills, factories, and mines have been worked, labor has been better paid and in greater demand.

They say that a Protective Tariff is a robbery; that it robs Peter to pay Paul; that it makes millions poor to enrich the few; that it increases the price of the articles protected, and closes the foreign markets against us. We say that a Protective Tariff robs no one, but, on the other hand, prevents the people of other countries from robbing us. We say to the manufacturer and merchant of England, or any other foreign country, "you can not bring your goods here to sell in competition with ours unless you pay into our Treasury for the privilege a duty on such articles as we manufacture and deem wise to protect."

And why should we not say so? They have no interest in America or its people, commercially speaking, except as they can make money out of us. Commerce and markets are not governed by sentiment, but by conditions which touch the pockets of the people.

EDITORS IN POLITICS.

We have the lawyer in politics that we all know about. We have heard of the scholar in politics that we know little about. We are getting editors in politics, and that we are watching.

The editor of the New York *Tribune* is Minister to France, and he is prodding up that people about their unjustifiable exclusion of our hog products in a way we admire. A politician is a success or a failure according to his interest in working people, as we view it.

We approve of editors so far. They know about affairs. The old-fashioned Foreign Minister from a law office, with his eyes in the back of his head looking at the panorama of the past centuries never is of any use to the people of to-day and to-morrow. They are always considering yesterday and the day before.

Minister Reid has given the French a shaking up that will do them good Call more editors into important places. They know something about the foundation industries of the country.

VERMONT.

Because, in the rock-ribbed Republican State, Vermont, there was a reduced Republican majority at the late election, the Democrats try to make their verdant followers think it was a "Waterloo." Let us see. The Governor has a majority of over 12,000, the Senate will be 29 Republicans and *one* Democrat, and the House 177 Republicans and 58 Democrats: Being an "off year" and feeling no need of special effort to get out a full vote, thousands staid at home. So there is really nothing to crow over.

The Republican party which is represented in the White House, and the one represented in the Department of State, and the one represented in the Speaker's chair in the House are one and the same, united and indivisible. Our friends, the enemy, may avoid confusion by keeping this fact clearly in mind.

"Heaven Building" was one of the texts the other Sunday in Boston. There is a man named Schweinfurth, near Rockford, Ill, who has been building what he calls a "Heaven." We saw it when we visited Illinois six years ago. It occurred to us that with a few minor alterations it would make a first class Hades.

WHAT MAKES THE SUCCESSFUL FARMER?

The most successful farmers of this and all other countries are those who are the most diligent. Solomon said, "Seest thou a man diligent in business; he shall stand before kings," "He that tilleth his land shall have bread, but he that followeth vain persons," &c, shall have poverty enough. The Psalmist said, "Look well to thy flocks and herds," and it was one of Dr. Franklin's sayings that, "He that by the farm would thrive, must himself hold the plow or drive."

It may be claimed that the Psalmist had *all* businesses in view when he spoke of the "*diligent* man's hand bearing rule," and the "diligent man's hand making rich," but he most certainly had the farmer in view when he said, "I went by the *field* of the slothful, and, lo! it was all grown over with thorns."

It is diligence, industry and watchful care that brings success on the farm. The promise of the Great Master is that "the husbandman who *labors* shall first be partaker of the fruits."

WILL END THE WRONG.

The intelligent people of this country recognize that the new agricultural schedule of the Tariff bill offers to them, as it offers to the farmers and the American working men, the direct and decided benefit of the protective policy, instead of increasing, as the late Democratic Administration sought to do, their hardships by reducing the duties on a long list of agricultural and other products. During the last ten years Canada has sent nearly $200,000,000 worth of her agricultural products across the border into the United States, thus materially lessening the demand for and the price of our own farm products. The new agricultural schedule will put an end to this intolerable wrong to the farmer.

THE COMMON LOT OF ALL.

Labor is the common heritage of humanity. None are exempt from the primal curse, or the primal blessing, "in the sweat of thy face shalt thou eat bread all the days of thy life." And whether the bread be earned by the toil of muscle or the toil of brain, whether tilling the soil or in any field of labor: whether in the office, behind the counter, or in teaching—all are subject to a common experience of trial and aiming at the same result, that those who follow us should start a step in advance of where we started. And it is only in this way that civilization advances.

Norfolk Chat is a new illustrated weekly just started at Norfolk. It is a witty and gossipy sheet. Price $2 a year or 5 cents a copy.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, September 5, 1890.

The President has gone to Cresson Springs, where he expects to remain for several weeks. He was accompanied by Mrs. Harrison, who came to Washington Thursday to attend to some of the domestic arrangements at the White House. This can hardly be called a holiday as the President has made arrangements to attend to his executive duties just as if he was here, a force of clerks having gone from the White House to assist him.

The last week of the great tariff debate in the Senate has been the most interesting yet. The adoption of the reciprocity amendment reported by the Finance committeee excited no surprise, as it has been evident for several weeks that such would be the case. The amendment does not go as far as some of the advocates of reciprocity would have liked; but it is a compromise of the many conflicting opinions on the subject held by the republican Senators, and will serve to fully demonstrate the feasibility of the idea, and in the future should it appear advisable can be easily extended.

Senator Allison in the Senate, and Representative Cannon in the House have effectually disposed of the absurd democratic talk of a deficit in the Treasury during the next fiscal year by presenting authentic figures showing the financial status of the Government. Both of these gentlemen figure out a substantial surplus for the next fiscal year, notwithstanding the reductions made by the tariff bill. The tariff bill, according to Mr. Allison's estimate, and there is no higher authority, will provide for reductions in the revenues of about $60,000,000 and an increase of about $27,000,000 making the reduction $23,000,000 which will make a surplus of about $15,000,090 after paying the expenses of the Government out of the receipts for the current fiscal year. So full and exhaustive were the figures presented by Mr. Allison, that no democratic Senator attempted to refute his statement; but in the House Mr. Sayers of Texas, who aims to take the place so long filled by the late Samuel J. Randall in the committee on Appropriations, attempted to reply to Mr. Cannon's statement which was substantially the same as that made by Senator Allison. By putting in a lot of imaginary charges Mr. Sayers figured out a deficiency; but his figuring would not stand a close analysis. There is not the slightest danger of a deficiency..

Gen. Clarkson, having retired on Monday from the Post office department, is at the headquarters of the Republican Congressional Campaign committee every day hustling the good work along. He thinks that by hard work the republicans ought to have a larger majority in the next House than in the present one, and he evidently proposes to set the rest of the party an example by pulling off his own coat and going to work in good old Iowa style.

The Republican Ticket of Dare County.

Editor CAROLINIAN:—It was my pleasure to be a "Looker On" at the late Republican Convention of Dare county. Every precinct was represented by good men and the spirit of harmony that prevailed indicated the feeling and interest, all foreshadowing success at the coming election. The ticket nominated is a splendid one, being composed of farmers, fishermen and merchants.

For the Legislature Geo. C. Daniels was nominated. He is a fisherman, a representative man and one of the shining lights of the Methodist Church.

James M. Gray, merchant from Manteo, was nominated for clerk of the Superior Court. All persons doing business in Dare county are acquainted with him. He is a good selection.

C. B. Daniels, fisherman and farmer, was nominated for Sheriff. He is a man well qualified for the position and he also is a leading Methodist.

Geo. B. Bliven, farmer and fisherman, was nominated for the office of Register of Deeds. He has filled the position since the organization of the county; his books show the fitness of the man for the place. They are a sample of neatness and accuracy. No better nomination could have been made.

L. D. Hassell, merchant, was nominated for county Treasurer. His place of business is directly opposite the Court House. Like "Honest Abe" he is noted for his promptness and honesty. His selection is a good one; the citizens will always know just where to find their new Treasurer.

Wm. H. Basnight, a business man, a good civil engineer and an old resident of the county, is the nominee for Surveyor. He is well qualified for the position. He is widely known as the "Bear hunter" and sportsman.

After an endorsement of Bernard for Congress and Judge Pool for Solicitor the Convention adjourned.

LOOKER ON.

Prosperity Not Dependent Upon Foreign Commerce.

I maintain that neither men nor nations can grow wealthy except by the sale of their surplus products. A man sells his surplus to his neighbor, a nation sells its surplus to its neighbors; that is foreign commerce That which is sold to its own people is not a surplus. *When, therefore, our foreign commerce is destroyed the chief source of our national wealth will have perished*—Senator Vance.

The *Canadian Manufacturer* thus neatly polishes down the above crude reasoning:

To illustrate, we will suppose a purely agricultural country that exports say $50,000,000 worth of wheat a year, and imports of foreign manufactures to the same extent. This would represent a foreign trade of $100,000,000 a year. But manufacturing industries are established there which produce say $20,000,000 worth of goods a year; and those employed in these industries consume of the agricultural products of the of the country say $20,000,000 a year; now there would be a reduction of agricultural exports to the value of $20,000,000, and a reduction of imports of foreign manufactures of a like amount, leaving a foreign trade reduced forty per cent, to only $60,000,000. Under this new condition there has been no slackup or diminution in any industry or employment except in the foreign carrying trade. Every acre of the farmer's field has been cultivated and producing as before, every work animal kept constantly employed and every hoe and plow kept bright by intelligent contact with the soil. The farmer has made just as big a crop, and he has received just as much money for it, the only difference being one in his favor wherein he sold his products in his home market instead of sending it to Liverpool. But the country has been benefited in that its population has been increased, and many who would have otherwise been in idleness were provided with remunerative employment. Under these new conditions of prosperity who would pretend to say that "the foreign trade of the country is the only fair test of its prosperity."

Strong Men.

Women love strong men. A weak man may excite their sympathy and a woman's careful tenderness soothe and soften and anguish of a weak man's soul, but the laughing, joyous, warm, exuberant love of woman dear, belongs to the men who are strong and noble and kind. Then why will a man continue weak, and mean and peevish?

An old gentleman writes: "B. B. B. gives me new life and strength If there is anything that will make an old man young it is B B B."

Some men say, and women too, they never feel weak and mean except in the spring. Why then feel weak and mean and nervous and prostrated in the spring time when life and spirit awakens with thrilling buoyancy even the vegetable world? Must you allow sluggish blood, inactive organic functions, rusty joints and general weakness to make your life miserable simply because the long winter has restrained your activity? It need not be. If only you will use that pleasant and incomparable tonic blood purifier known as B B B or Botanic Blood Balm your health in spring time will be all that you can wish. Try it this spring. Try it now.

P. A. Shepherd, Norfolk, Va, Aug 10, 1888, writes: "I depend on B B B for the preservation of my health. I have had it in my family now nearly two years, and in all that time have not had to have a doctor.

STATE NEWS.

The Biblical Recorder this week reports 564 additions to the Baptist church in the State last week.

The Rev. Junius T. Harris, of Durham, has been elected Superintendent of the Oxford Orphan Asylum.

The excitement now in the State is over the recent attack made by Col. L. L. Polk against Senator Vance.

Trinity College, at Durham, has received a gift of money sufficient to build and equip a school of mechanical engineering.

Captain Thomas Clancy Evans, one of the most widely known editors in the State, died at Reedsville Tuesday of a complication of disorders, principally malaria.

Mad dogs are very numerous in the southern part of Wake county and twenty-five have been killed during the past few days. Some animals have been bitten by these rabid dogs. The people are mightily stirred up in regard to the matter and are slaying the dogs right and left.

The postoffice at Ore Hill has been discontinued by the government because the people there had boycotted the office. The postmaster, Mr. Cheek, is personally offensive to them and so they mailed their letters on the train. The postmaster has retaliated by getting the government to abolish the post office. The mail has been transferred to Mt. Vernon Springs, a mile and a half from the railroad station at Ore Hill.

Happy Hoosiers.

Wm. Timmons, postmaster of Hildaville, Ind, writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined for that bad feeling arising from kidney and liver trouble," John Leslie, farmer and stockman, same place, says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the best kidney and liver medicine, made me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: "Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease on life, Only 50c a bottle at A. Wadsworth's drug store.

LITERARY NOTICES.

The current number of THE ECLECTIC opens an attractive table of contents with an interesting paper by Edward Bellamy, the author of "Looking Backwards." Mr. Bellamy in this attempts to answer the strictures of M. D. Laveleye, the distinguished Belgian economist, which has already been published in THE ECLECTIC. The paper on "Russian Prisons" gives us striking confirmation of the revelations of Mr, Kennan in *The Century*, and in connection with this the public will be interested in reading the vigorous poem by Swinburne, entitled "Russia," which has created such a political sensation abroad. Mr. Edmund Gosse contributes a very pertinent and suggestive paper on "The Future of American Literature." Mr. A. Werner, the well known traveller and ethnologist, has a paper on "The Future of Africa" and Dr. J. Luys writes on "The Latest Discoveries in Hypnotism," concluding the paper in the last number. Other articles are: "Nihilisms and Socialisms of the World," by John Page Happs, "The Prehistoric Races of Itily,; and "The Hebrew Heli," Mr. Graham Sandberg tells us about a remarkable "Journey to the Capital of Thibit," Special attention may be called to a powerful short story, "A Waltz of Chopin." There are several very readable short papers in the number.

Senator Vance to the Farmers

I am a farmer, true and tried
The hayseed is my honest pride,
I love to see the bean tree leaves
Drop on the corn in ripening sheaves,
The cabbage vines delight my soul,
As does the pumpkin on its pole.
The wheat in tassel beads and nods
To squashes in their velvet pods,
And everywhere I see those scenes
Where bloom the fragant jowl and greens.
I love those rural rustic things
Which painter paints and poet sings!
Dear friends, look on me, I'm your mash,
I've taken off that doggoned sash!

IF YOUR BACK ACHES
Or you are all worn out, really good for nothing it is general debility. Try
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
It will cure you, and give a good appetite. Sold by all dealers in medicine.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.
Eastern District of North Carolina,
Jack Bunch vs. Sloop Daniel A. Newins.

Whereas a libel has been filed in said court against the sloop Daniel A. Newins, her tackle, apparel and furniture, by Jack Bunch, claiming wages, and the said vessel, &c, has been attached by me by monition from said court. In pursuance there of I give public notice to all persons claiming said vessel, &c, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before said court on the 17th day of September, 1890, at Elizabeth City, N. C, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf. J. B. HILL, Marshall,
Sept 6, 1890. T. P. WILCOX Deputy.

Notice

NORTH CAROLINA: Perquimans County In the Superior Court. Fall Term 1890. Joseph Nixon vs. Susan Nixon.

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced against the above named defendant in the Superior Court of Perquimans county, State of North Carolina; that a summons has been issued against the defendant, and returned "defendant Susan Nixion is not to be found in Perquimans county;" and the said defendant will take notice that she is required to appear at the next term of the Superior Court of said county to be held in Hertford, in said county and State, on the(4th) fourth Monday in September, 1890 and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded. The defendant will take further notice that said action is begun by plaintiff to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony against said defendant.
This 30th day of July, 1890.
J. Q. A. WOOD, Clerk Superior Court
F. Picard, att'y for plaintiff.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

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Notice!
OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT, NORFOLK & NORTH CAROLINA CANAL COMPANY,
Norfolk, Va., June 20, 1890.
The Norfolk & North Carolina Canal,
Formerly the
Dismal Swamp Canal,
will be closed for improvements on the **First Day of October 1890.**
For further particulars apply to
HENRY ROBERTS, Gen'l Superintendent
No. 9 Lowenberg Building, Norfolk, Va

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(Mention this Paper.)

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President Chapel Hill, N. C.

NETS FOR '90-91.
The Gloucester Net & Twine Company
invite business for 1890 and '91 for Gill Nets, Traps and Seines, with Seine Twine of the best grade they can make, as good, they believe as the best, and, as low as faithful work can be offered at. Cuts and unreasonably low prices invariably invite low grade of goods. The long experience of the under writer is an assurance that the
Best Goods
are the most economical to the poorest Fisherman.
Our Mr. Charles B. Ladd, who has already made a very interesting visit to the Fisheries of the Sound, and is thoroughly acquainted with the process of making Nets and arranging them, agreeable to the orders of Fishermen, will have charge of the supplying on the Sound, and I will assure the people whom I have dealt with for fifty years that we will do right in all things relating to fishing gear.
Wm. Stowe,
President of the Gloucester Net & Twine Co., and late President and 41 years in the American Net and Twine Co,
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These Specifics cure without drugging, purging or reducing the system, and are in fact and deed the sovereign remedies of the World.

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3	Crying Colic, or Teething of Infants	.25
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6	Cholera Morbus, Vomiting	.25
7	Coughs, Cold, Bronchitis	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache	.25
9	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods	.25
12	Whites, too Profuse Periods	.25
13	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	.25

SPECIFICS

16	Fever and Ague, Chills, Malaria	.50
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21	Asthma, Oppressed Breathing	.50
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4-6 Agent

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.
The undersigned have entered into partnership to carry on the UNDERTAKER'S Business at this place as the successors of the late John H. Ziegler, and at the old stand. In accordance with the wish of the said deceased, expressed in his last will and testament, the business will be conducted in the name of JOHN H. ZIEGLER as heretofore.
We will endeavor to serve the public in our line of business upon the same principles of fairness and honesty as were always observed and acted upon by our honored predecessor.
A full supply of Metalic Cases, Cloth Covered and Wooden Caskets kept on hand
March 6, 1889.
CHRISTINA ZIEGLER,
FRED H. ZIEGLER.

PATENTS.
Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for *Moderate Fees.*
OUR OFFICE is opposite the U. S. Patent Office, and we can secure patents in less time than those remote from Washington
Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise if patentable or not FREE of charge. Our fee not due until patent is secured.
A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents" with names of actual clients in your State sent free. Address,
C. A. Snow & Co,
—OPPOSITE PATENT OFFICE,—
Washington, D. C.

Valuable Water Mill for Sale.
The valuable water mill, known as "Goodwin's Mill," situated in Belvidere Township, Perquimans county, N. C., is now offered for sale to effect a division of the property. It is located in the midst of a fine timber section of country. The facility for transfer of timber to mill and lumber to market is good. Market for grain is unsurpassed. Mill is in good repair. Terms, $2500, $1000 cash, and $500 and interest each year for three years. Title good. For further particulars apply to the undersigned at Belvidere, Perquimans county, N. C.
Sept. 30th, 1889. RUFUS WHITE

H. Hiltgarner Sons
Steam
Marble & Granite Works
MONUMENTS, ETC
Marble and Slate Mantels, Wainscoting Encaustic and Marble Tiling, Furniture & Counter Slabs, Etc., Etc.
526 & 528 West Baltimore S
BALTIMORE, MD.

F. H. ZIEGLER, Ag't, Elizabeth City.
L. F. ZIEGLER, Ag't, Edenton, N C.

—TRAVEL & TRANSPORTATION.—

Norfolk Southern Railroad.
SCHEDULE TAKES EFFECT, MAY —, 1890.
Mail and Express (Southbound) daily, except Sundays, leaves Elizabeth City at 11:20 A. M. Northbound, leaves at 2:30 P. M. Arrives at and departs from the Norfolk & Western Railroad depot.
The Accommodation daily, except Sundays, leaves at 7:00 A. M. and returning, arrives at 9:45 P. M. This train does not go to Norfolk but goes into Berkley.
Close connections at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer lines.
Through tickets on sale and baggage checked between the principal Stations and Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York by Bay Line and Old Dominion Steamers and N. Y. P. and N. R. R. from Norfolk, and between Norfolk and Washington, Plymouth, Williamston, Windsor and Jamesville.
M. E. KING, General Manager
EASTERN CAROLINA DESPATCH
FAST FREIGHT LINE
Elizabeth City, N. C. Agent

Norfolk & North Carolina
Canal Co.,
The Norfolk & North Carolina Canal will admit sharp built vessels drawing five feet water, lighter-built vessels four feet.
The Locks will admit vessels 90 feet and 16½ feet beam.
Rafts secured with chains must not be over 90 feet when secured with timber, not over 12 feet wide. They must be well secured to the satisfaction of the Canal authorities.
Steamers will not be admitted without a permit from the Office at Norfolk.
Vessels over 90 feet length and over 16 feet beams (the dimensions called for by the Charter) navigate the Canal at their own risk.
HENRY ROBERTS Superintend

A. W. HAFF.
Successor to
Lanphear & Haff,
Wholesale Commission Dealer

In Fresh Fish, Lobsters,
Etc., Etc.
NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET,
NEW YORK
North Carolina Shad a Specialty
No Agents.

SAVE YOUR BOILER BY USING
CHAMPION
BOILER
COMPOUND.
It is a vegetable liquid, perfectly harmless, and is the cheapest, best and most easily applied. Does its work satisfactorily and thoroughly. A trial will convince owners of boilers of its superiority over any other compound. No chemical acids in its composition. Agents Wanted.
PETCHELL & LOUGHLIN,
52 Broad Street, N. Y.

AT THE WHITE HOUSE.
WRIGHT'S
POND LILY TOILET
WASH
Is a saponaceous, transparent liquid prepared carefully from vegetal and floral ingredients. For every hygienic and cleaning purpose POND LILY meets the demand. It is deliciously scented and delightfully exhilarating in the bath, proving an excellent
Substitute for the Turkish or Russian Bath.
It is the finest *Shampoo* and shaving mixture ever made. It is admirable as a *Dentifrice*. It is indispensable in the *Nursery*, refreshing and remedial to the *Sick*.
It is commended unreservedly by *Clara Barton, president Red Cross; The Smithsonian Institute; W. S. Thompson, president American Pharmaceutical Association; Thomas J. Sommer, President American Bar Association; Mrs. Emma J. Hewitt, associate editor Ladies' Home Journal; Bishop Newman, and very many others. Used in the bath rooms of the U. S. Capitol for years, and also used at the WHITE HOUSE DAILY.*
PRICE 25 CENTS.
POND LILY CO., Washington, D.C.
For Sale by Dealers in Toilet Articles.

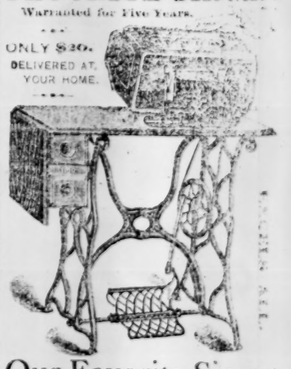
PRINTERS' INK.
A JOURNAL FOR ADVERTISERS,
Is issued on the first and fifteenth days of each month, and is the representative journal—the trade journal of American advertisers. It indicates to the inexperienced advertiser how, when, and where he should advertise; how to write an advertisement; how to display one; what newspapers to use; how much money to expend—in fact, discusses on every point that admits of profitable discussion. Advertising is an art practised by many but understood by few. The conductors of PRINTERS' INK understand it, and their advice is based on an experience of more than twenty-five years in placing advertising contracts for many of the largest and most successful advertisers. A year's subscription costs but One Dollar; sample copies free. Address:—
GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,
Newspaper Advertising Bureau,
10 Spruce St., New York.

MEND YOUR OWN HOSE.
HUDSON'S
HOSE MENDER

EVERY OWNER OF HOSE NEEDS ONE.
THE ONLY PRACTICAL DEVICE FOR REPAIRING HOSE
THE MAN WHO HAS A HOSE HE KNOWS that how the thing goes and if you it is indispensable and saves its cost over and over again, making it as good as new.
PRICE ONLY $1.00
One box containing 6 menders, 20 Bands, and 1 Pliers sent prepaid to any address on receipt of price.
C. E. HUDSON, CATHEDRAL BUILDING, BOSTON, MASS.

FIFTY THOUSAND
COOKING AND HEATING **STOVES**
PER ANNUM
With MANTELS, GRATES, HOLLOW-WARE, TIN-WARE, and other goods in proportion to the production of each of the
Phillips & Buttorff Manufacturing Co.
NASHVILLE, TENN.
THEIR STOCK of furnishing for the KITCHEN, the PANTRY, and the DINING ROOM is immense.
WITH LARGE CAPITAL, long experience, and favorable location for the cheapest pig iron, and the lowest freight rates to all southern points, our goods are unexcelled in quality, and beyond competition in prices.
EVERY DEALER should have our Illustrated Catalogue. Correspondence solicited.
Phillips & Buttorff Mfg. Co.
NASHVILLE, TENN.

PERFUMES
—MADE FROM FLOWERS IN THE—
LAND OF FLOWERS!
DOUSSAN'S
Sweet South
In 2 oz. Sprinkler Top Bottles,
EACH 25 CENTS.
ALSO OUR EXTRA (25) SPECIALS:
LYS DES INCAS! SPRING MIST!
LUNES! NEVADA!
IMPERIAL PINK!
ROUSSEL ROSE
EDEN BOUQUET!
LILY OF THE VALLEY!
All 50 cents per bottle. PICCIOLA!
The most delicate and most lasting odors made. Our trade-mark patented on every label.
"Delicate as a dobwebb."
Lasting as the hills."
If your druggist don't keep them send amount to us and we will forward prepaid.
DOUSSAN FRENCH PERFUMERY CO.
46 Chartres St., New Orleans, La.

FAVORITE SINGER
Warranted for Five Years.
ONLY $20.
DELIVERED AT YOUR HOME.

Our Favorite Singer
Drop Leaf, Fancy Cover, Large Drawers, Nickel Rings, Tucker, Ruffler, Binder, Four Widths of Hammers
Sent on one week's trial. Delivered in your home free of freight charges. Buy only of Manufacturers. Save Canvassers' Commissions. Get New Machines. Address for Circulars and Testimonials.
Co-operative Sewing Machine Co.
819 Quince Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

MELANITE
TRADE MARK
INDELIBLE INK
THE ONLY
ABSOLUTELY INDELIBLE
INK
"THE ETHIOPIAN CAN NOT CHANGE HIS SKIN NOR THE LEOPARD HIS SPOTS."
MARKING DONE WITH this INK is EQUALLY UNCHANGEABLE.
CAN NOT BE REMOVED WITHOUT DESTROYING THE FABRIC.
NO HOT IRON OR SUNLIGHT REQUIRED. CAN BE USED WITH STAMP OR PEN.
RETAIL PRICE, 25c.
—ALSO MANUFACTURERS OF—
Writing and Copying Inks, Sealing Wax, Mucilage, Wafers, Etc.
THADDEUS DAVIDS CO.,
127 129 William Street, NEW YORK CITY.
ESTABLISHED 1838.

ADVERTISERS will find it to their interest to correspond with us before placing their contracts for any amount of advertising space in Chicago, will find it on file at our office, 45 to 49 Randolph St. Our Advertising Agency
LORD & THOMAS.

WHAT WE WANT.

We want weekly information from every county of the Albemarle District, of every and all-new enterprises starting or established, improvements of all kinds, everything connected with the development of this section and the upbuilding of the people. Send us short, plain statements, as often as may be. The CAROLINIAN is interested in the material advancement of this section of Eastern North Carolina, and will gladly publish all matters of the kind communicated.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor—W. C. Glover. Commissioners—J. B. Flora, E. F. Aydlett, L. P. Etheridge J. E. Wood and Elisha Overton. Clerk—J. W. Albertson jr. Treasurer—Geo. M. Scott. Constable and Collector—Walter Brothers. Attorney—W. J. Griffin,

Collector of Customs—Palemon John. Postmaster—C. Gulrkin.

CHURCHES.

Methodist—Rev. E. M. Jordan, Pastor. Baptist—Rev. A. G. Thomas, Pastor. Episcopal—Rev. L. L. Williams, Rector. Presbyterian—Rev. F. H. Johnston, Pastor.

COLORED. Methodist—Rev. J. S. Caldwell, Pastor. Baptist, Corner Stone—Elder Z. H. Berry, Pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge, No. 317—T B. Wilson, W. M., E. F. Lamb, Sec'y, S. S Fowler, Treasurer,

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge, No. 14—Geo. W. Twiddy, N. G., H. O. Hill, Sec'y, J. F. Sanders, Treasurer,

Royal Arcanum: Tiber Creek Council, No. 1209—Fred. Davis, Regent; M. B. Culpepper Secretary, C. E. Kramer, Treas'r.

American Legion of Honor J. D. Fulmer, Commander; Zenas Fearing, Secretary, G. W. Bell, Treasurer.

Knights of Honor—John H. Burgess, Dictator; Wm. Towe, Reporter; Ed. Davis, Treasurer.

U. S. benevolent Fraternity—E. F. Aydlett, President; C. E. Kramer, Recording Secretary; C. A. Banks, Financial Secretary; T. B. Wilson, Treasurer.

THE COUNTY.

Commissioners: F. M. Godfrey, Chairman, C. H. Robinson, D. B. Bradford, Elliot Whitehurst and J. T. Spence. Sheriff, Tho's P. Wilcox, Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman. Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper. Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb. Board of Education, J. W. Albertson jr., R. B. Creecy jr., and N. E. Jones. Superintendent of Public Instruction, S. L. Sheep

—*MISCELLANEOUS.*—

DR. R. H. MCINTOSH
Physician & Surgeon,
Office on South Road Street,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

J.W. ALBERTSON. J.W. ALBERTSON JR.
J. W. ALBERTSON & SON,
Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law
Practice in the Superior Courts of the Albemarle District, and the Supreme and Federal Courts of the State

T.P. WHITE,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER
2d door North of Poindexter Street Bridge, near the Depot
☞ Patching and Mending Rubber Boots a specialty.

GEO. W. BELL.
Gun-Smith,
At the Old Stand on Road Street
ELIZABETH City, N. C.

F. M. COOK,

JEWELER.
East Main Street,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Home-Made Tin-Ware,
—BY—
H. O. HILL,
The Tinner.
Fearing St. Dock, Elizabeth City, N. C.
And GUTTERING, ROOFING, and all kinds of Work pertaining to the business done by skilled workmen.

I T'S TIME
You began to think of your Fall Trading Friend, and when you think of that, you can think of
Moses Weisel's Stock,
which offers everything in the choice o Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats etc., that can delight the eye or please the heart of the buyer,
MOSES WEISEL'S QUOTATIONS
Are the lowest that can be made on all kinds of goods, the lowest prices are promised to every buyer, and I will see that the promise holds good. If you are wise
YOU WON'T LOSE A MINUTE,
But hustle right off and get the pick of the nice New Goods that are offered at
MOSES WEISEL'S,
Corner Main & Water sts, Elizabeth City

—*HOTELS.*—

New Albemarle House,
Elizabeth City, N C.
FRANK M. GRICE. Prop'r
TERMS: $2. & $2.50 Per Day

The attention of the traveling public i invited to this large and elegant Hotel It has been refited and made first clas It is centrally located, within a block o the telegraph and post offices, and conve nient to the railroad and steamboat
The Proprietor will spare no effort to mak the ALBEMARLE a genuine *Home* for hi patrons. The rooms are large well fur nished and carefully kept, and the table is of the best
☞ Electric Bells have been introduced.

WOODARD HOUSE
EDENTON N. C.
This well-established HOTEL still offer first class accommodations of the travel ng public.
FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED
Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances Furnished when Desired Free Hacks to all Transand Steamer
Terms Reasonable.
J. L. ROGERSON, Proprieto

--Eagle Hotel--
Hertford, - - - - - N, C
Joseph H. Long, Propr
New Furniture, New Servants and everything First Class.
Free Hack to and from Depot to passengers stopping at Hotel.

The North Carolinian.

TUESDAY EVENING SEPT'R 9, 1890.

☞ The people are THINKING.

☞ The demagogues are being watched.

☞ Pasquotank Court here next week. About the usual dockets,

☞ The Nag's Head Hotel will close to-morrow. The season has been a successful one.

☞ The weather last week was favorable for curing fodder and farmers generally availed themselves of it.

☞ The Republican candidates for Congress, Solicitor and Senators in the First District will compare in every respect favorably with their opponents. This cannot be denied. They are men Republicans can feel a pride in working and voting for.

☞ The statement of a local correspondent that Mr. Bernard had refused to canvass jointly with Mr. Branch without giving the reasons for the declination is misleading. The appointments were made without consulting Mr. Bernard and conflicted with his arrangements

☞ Our friend Josiah Nicholson of Belvidere, will accept our thanks for a copy of the "Minutes of North Carolina Yearly Meeting of Friends, held at High Point, Guilford county, N. C., from the 6th of 8th month to the 12th of the same, 1890." This is an annual document we always read with interest.

☞ Under the law the ordering of a new registration is left discretionary with the County Commissioners. What necessity for it is there in this or any of the counties in this District? None. And yet the people are put to the annoyance and expense of re-registering. The Democratic "bosses" ordered it.

☞ A word to you, Mr, Blount! Judge Pool's Republican friends propose to treat you with fairness, but they ask that you do not misrepresent the facts as to him. In the first place, he was *not* "put in the field by two or three men," but it was done by the legally recognized District Committee, at which there was a full attendance. For this course there are precedents by both parties in this district and elsewhere. Again, when you find it necessary to allude to Judge Pool's letter, instead of making mis-leading statements, *read the letter itself.* It is very brief, and it will be simply doing justice to your competitor. "Tote fair."

☞ At the election yesterday the "Bond" question was overwhelmingly defeated. When the order for the election was published the CAROLINIAN felt sure that it would be. A vital point—the depth and width of the canals—was left to be settled *after* the election; the people asked that it should be before voting the money. Had this been definitely and satisfactorily stated, as easily could and ought to have been, so as to leave no question of uncertainty and doubt, the result would have been very largely the other way. In voting a large amount of money the PEOPLE demand the right to say for what specific purpose it shall be expended. Unless this is conceded, the money will not be voted.

☞ The CAROLINIAN has good news about the old Dismal Swamp Canal. The money has been raised, the contracts made and active work will begin on the 1st of October. There will only be two locks, one at South Mills and the other at Deep Creek. They will be made 250 feet long and 40 feet wide. The depth of water all the way through will be 9 feet. The Gilmerton canal will be dispensed with and the natural way by Deep Creek will be opened. The entire work is to be completed in twelve months. This is a big undertaking and it is fraught with great results to our section. And to the pluck, energy and persistent efforts of Capt. Henry Roberts are we indebted for it.

☞ Candidate for Congress Branch and Solicitor Blount are canvassing together. A perhaps over cynical critic says the latter is using the former as a "poor man's plaster"—to *draw.* However that may be, the "big crowds" do not assemble. Branch has a set and well committed speech, but instead of elucidating and defending the principles of the Alliance who have been claiming him as their candidate, the main part of it is devoted to catering to the Bourbon Democrats. His effort at Salem on Friday was not a success. He ran against—Tom Meads, who propounded several questions which he failed to satisfactorily answer. Instead of making, he lost votes there.

——They spoke at Camden C. H., yesterday. There was a large attendance at Court, but not half the crowd assembled about the speakers—the people appearing to be indifferent, not caring to hear the "old story," told in all the past campaigns, repeated. The old time Democratic enthusiasm is conspicuously absent.

☞ No matter how stringent the money market may be money is never "tight" when the owner is.

——The all-around grocery store, where you can find what you want, is Robinson & Co's.

☞ The Secretary of the Elizabeth City Fair is already receiving applications for space for exhibits.

——Several Maps of the United States and the World for sale at this office at a very low price.

☞ There is a difference. A loud report is called a bang, but a false report is not the same as a false bang.

——With all their talk, does any store give more and ask less than Robinson & Co

☞ Get ready for the Fair. Exhibit your stock, compare it with other stock and see wherein yours is inferior.

☞ All who want to be kept fully posted should read the CAROLINIAN If you do not already take it, send 75 cents and try it for six months

——**225,000** Brick just made by Thompson & Son. Had a splendid burn, and a first-class article is the result.

☞ When selfishness comes in, smiling, through the door, love walks out, grieving, through another.

——If you can't find a hat to suit you at Fowler & Co's—why—why—why—put on your night cap.

☞ Improvement comes by substituting the higher for the lower. This is why in breeding constant care must be taken in introducing better blood.

—Wise men follow the star that lead to Moses Weisels store.

☞ How true it is that we never know who were our best friends till we have lost them. The tool who has speedily parted with his money as quickly realizes that he has lost the best friend he ever had.

——Fowler & Co's floor mattings are a marvel for wear and at prices that *make them sell.*

☞ It is stated that in Arabia it is a common form of salutation to put check to cheek, A cotemporary thinks that a book agent and a sewing machine man could cause a pretty lively collision by adopting the custom.

——Drop in and see the improvements at Fowler & Co's, Big room, skylights, piles of goods and *rock bottom prices.*

☞ The most valuable metal in the world is said to be gallium, quoted at $3,250 an ounce. And yet the average man finds that gold is good enough for him, modestly remarking: "Let me have the gold of the country and I care not who bags the gallium."

—Any party needing a Tackle Block for hoisting purposes, can secure one at small cost by calling at the CAROLINIAN Office,

☞ The CAROLINIAN has always thought, and thinks so still, that a candidate for Solicitor ought not, any more than a candidate for Judge, to go on the stump and make partizan political speeches. And this is the view entertained by Judge Pool.

——Thompson & Son announce tha they are now prepared to fill all orders for Brick. The quality is superior, the best they have yet made, or that have ever been made here.

☞ It is reported that certain Democratic aspirants and candidates have abandoned hope of success without the aid of the colored yote which they propose attempting to capture. That there may be a few Judases willing to sell out and betray their race is possible, but they will be found out, and the universal execration and scorn that will follow them will make them feel as their prototype did—to go out and hang themselves.

——Fowler & Co, keep Reed's fine shoes for ladies and misses. If you have a hard foot to fit they will have a pair made specially for you.

☞ One of the great secrets of success in life is to keep busy, to be persevering, patient and untiring in the pursuit you are following The busy ones now and then make mistakes, but it is better to risk these than to be idle and inactive. Keep doing, whether it be at work or seeking recreation. Motion is life, and the busiest are the happiest. Cheerful active labor is a blessing. An old philosopher says: 'The firefly only shines when on the wing; so it is with the mind, when once we rest, we darken."

——If the man with the wooden leg wearing a glass eye will call at Robinson & Co's store he will hear of something to his advantage. We don't mean that the wooden leg had a glass eye, but the man had a glass eye, If this meets his eye, not glass one, he will do well to call on as promptly.

☞ In reply to "Enumerator" the CAROLINIAN will state that it learns from Washington that the Census Office has completed the examination only of about 30,000 accounts of enumerators, which is a little over half of the entire number. Only about 12,000 enumerators, however, have as yet been paid. The delay in payment is mainly due, so the report states, to defects in the accounts, which must be corrected by the enumerators before payment can be ordered. The average number of accounts duly disposed of by the Census Office is about 1000. This district, being No. 111, will now soon be reached.

LOCAL MENTION

The signs of local business activity continues.—The first cargo of oysters arrived at the packing house of Bozman & Co, on Wednesday. They were from Far creek and "all right" in quality.—Rev. T. W. Babb, of Hertford, called on Wednesday. He contemplates starting a local paper in that town.—Mr. W. G. Underwood is off on a visit to Swarthmore and other points North.—Mr. R. D. Williams has removed his Grocery from Road street to the Aydlett Building on Water street.—The Misses Creecy are having their residence on Church street newly painted,—Etheridge Bros, are having several new houses built in the Northern addition to the city.—Miss Lillie White who has been visiting her friend Miss Clate White on Main street, has left for home.—J. Q. A. Wood esq, Superior Court Clerk of Perquimans, dropped in and paid his respects on Wednesday,—'Tis thus a local poet states it:

"Now the jaunty seaside flirt,
Who so many hearts hath hurt,
Bids adieu to sandy beach and ocean foam,
And with word and smile she rules
The distracted lot of fools
In reach of hereenchantment when at home"

—We had a pleasant call from Mr, Pope, of Newberne, on Tuesday.—Capt. Thomas R. Mann has just had a couple of neat dwelling houses finished on his lots on North side.—We had the pleasure the other day of a visit from Mr. Wm. H, Basnight, the famous "bear hunter" of Dare. What he don't know about the nature and habits of Bruin and his tribe very few have ever found out. He is a genial, intelligent gentleman and a staunch Republican.—F. M. Grice and J. T. McCabe, have leased the large store room now occupied by Mrs. H. Weisel on Water street and will, in a few days, open a Dry Goods store. They are now at the North after their stock.—Mrs. T. G. Skinner is visiting her parents on upper Main street.—C. W. Buckingham esq, Manager of the Norfolk Branch office of the Mercantile Agency of R. G. Dun & Co, has been spending several days here and gave us a call on Saturday. He is very much of a gentleman. He says he sees unmistakable evidence of increasing business activity and prosperity in Elizabeth City.—Have you ever thought of it, but it's a fact nevertheless that

In summer when we don't need the coal
It's sold at the lowest price.
And, odd tho' it be, it works the same way
In the winter time with the ice.

—J. M. Gray esq, dropped in and paid his respects on Saturday. He was on his return from a business trip North. He says that his honest convictions compelled him to leave the Bourbon Democracy and join the party of Progress.—The oyster shuckers and canners are beginning to arrive and active operations will soon be resumed.—Mr. R. B. Creecy jr, of Newbegun Creek called the other day. He has re-opened his school. As a thorough and successful teacher he enjoys a good reputation.—The lovers of the beautiful, who pass the yard of Mrs Dr. Wood on the southeast corner of Church and Martin streets, always pause to admire her attractive bordering of variegate-colored coleuses, They are certainly very pretty.—We had an interview the other day with Mr. J S. Lister, one of Salem's intelligent farmers, on land improvement. We always enjoy chats on these subjects. —Frequent allusions are made to our enterprising *men* who have been making improvements and building up the town, but the CAROLINIAN takes pleasure in naming a *woman* who has contributed a large share in this direction, Mrs. Clara Bradford. The improvements she has made and the handsome buildings she has erected evinces a taste and public spirit not surpassed by any man in our city.—Our good friend John A. Midgett, of Rodanthe, called on Saturday and paid his respects. He reports the fishing, especially the mullet catches, encouragingly good. —Judge Connor spent the Sabbath here. He holds Camden Court this week.—The colored posters of The Elizabeth City Fair are now being put up.—G. Scott Bell and family have removed back to town, occupying the house of John P. Overman on Shepard street.—The Managers of the Park Association are at work arranging for their coming Fair.—Said a visitor who had not been here for over six months, "How Elizabeth City is improving!" While there is no "boom," there is a steady, healthy growth all the time.—Bishop J. W. Hood will preach at the A. M. E Zion Church next Sunday.—Miss Sallie Heath left for Murfreesboro yesterday and Miss Clate White leaves to-day to attend school there. —There will be an Ice Cream Supper on Friday night at the residence of Mrs. Charles Garrett's on North Pennsylvania Avenue, for the benefit of the new Baptist Church. All are invited to attend.—At the Methodist Church Sunday night Rev. Mr. Sherrill the eloquent young divine preached his farewell sermon. He is a young man of promise and has made many friends during his short stay here. Rev E. M. Jordan is expected to be back in time to preach next Sunday.—Miss Bettie Jacobs, of South Mills, is visiting at Mr. Frank Spence's on Road street.—To certain local politicians the CAROLINIAN would remark that

'Tis bad for members of one family
Not to dwell together in unity.

—See the new advertisement of Fowler & Co.—Lieut. Failing left yesterday to visit the Life-Saving Stations and drill the crews.—Mr. Engle, the photographer, has just taken a number of views at Nag's Head and other points in Dare.

Remarkable Rescue.

Mrs. Michael Curtain, Plainfield, Ill, makes the statement that she caught cold, which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician bht grew worse. Ho told her she was a hopeless victim of consumption and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption; she bought a bottle and to her delight found herself benefited from first dose. She continued its use and attee taking ten bottles found herself sound and well, now does her own housework and is as well as she ever was. Free trial bottles of this great discovery at A. Wadsworth's drug store, large bottles 50c and $1.

State Republican Platform.

At the Republican State Convention at Raleigh on the 28th of August, 1890, the following platform was adopted:

We the Republicans of North Carolina, in Convention Assembled, do Hereby Resolve:

1 That we hereby renew our faith and allegiance to the Republican party, reaffirm the principles of the party as expressed in the platform of 1888, and cordially indorse the administration of President Harrison as wise, just and patriotic.

2. We deplore the action of the Senate in failng to pass the Blair educational bill and earnestly urge upon our Representatives in Congress to secure the passage of some such bill as will give the necessary aid to our public schools, thereby enable the poor children of our State to become educated.

3. We denounce the Democratic party for the passage of the election law in the Legislature of 1889, which was so formed and so intended as to enable corrupt politicians to defeat by fraud and trickery the honest will of the people and thereby nullifying that section of the State Constitution which says: "All elections ought to be free."

4. We renew our demands for the repeal of the iniquitous "county government system" and maintain that the same is in gross violation of Sec. 2, Art. 1. of the Constitution which declares that all political power is vested in and derived from the people; is founded upon their will only and is instituted solely for the good of the whole.

5. That we sympathize with the farmers in their efforts to throw off the despotic yoke of bourbon tyranny which has so long kept them in political servitude as "hewers of wood and drawers of water" for the aristocratic leaders of the Democratic party.

6. That we demand that our elections shall be free, that all citizens, eligible to vote under our National and State Constitutions, shall have the right to vote as they see fit, their ballots counted as cast and a true return thereof made, and while we prefer that the election of all officers sho'd be had under one and the same law and yet we recognize the fact that the Democratic party has instituted a system a fraud through the medium of their State laws, to defeat the voice of the people in the selection of their Representatives in Congress, and therefore indorse such legislation as may be enacted by Congress as will secure a free vote, fair count and honest return, and thereby the prompt seating in Congress of the honestly elected member.

7. That we cordially approve of the policy of reciprocity inaugurated by Secretary Jas G. Blaine as the best means of opening up the market of the Central American States to the farmers, manufacturers and laborers of the United States.

LADIES
Needing a tonic, or children that want building up, should take
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
It is pleasant to take, cures Malaria, Indigestion, and Biliousness. All dealers keep it.

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Superfluous Hair Removed Permanently, Instantaneously, without pain or injury to the skin by Edison's Electro-Chemical Fluid, can be applied by a child. Circulars, Testimonials and Sample Bottle sent free, on receipt of 16 cents Stamps to pay postage. ELECTRO-CHEMICAL CO., 46 West 14th Street, New York.

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To the Editor—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my medicine FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and postoffice address. Respectfully, T. A. Slocum, M. C. 181 Pearl St., New York

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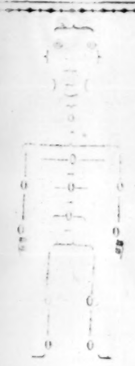
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through trading with people who offered to undersell us.
We Make no Bones
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Facile Princeps, which is Latin fo Big Injin, or The-Man-who-Gets-There.

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Also Bibles, School Books, Poets and Novels at NEW YORK PRICES! Albums, Sunday School Supplies and all kinds of Stationery very low,
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Experience has shown that the cheap papers commonly used for sheathing houses do not protect a building for any length of time, but soon mildew and fall to pieces, making the house drafty and damp; these defects can then only be remedied at great expense.
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AGENTS WANTED.
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"No, Boss—I'll work no more, 'less you weigh your Cotton on a JONES 5-Ton Cotton Scale $60
NOT CHEAPEST BUT BEST.
Beam Box,
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JONES OF BINGHAMTON,
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The Leather, Workmanship and Finish are of the VERY BEST.
SAVE MONEY BY BUYING DIRECT.
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The Grandest Display of
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Ever Brought to Elizabeth City
The Stock is complete in every way comprising of CLOTHING, DRESS GOODS, VELVETS, CASHMERES NOTIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, etc., all of which are guaranteed at the
☞ *Very Lowest Prices.*
His ready made garments are equal to the best custom made, and perfect fits are made in all cases.
A Fine Assortment of
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I HAVE AND IT DON'T PAY.
DO NOT WASTE YOUR MONEY ON INFERIOR HOSE BUT GET THE
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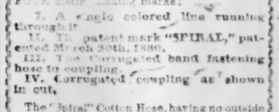
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IT IS JUST AS EASY TO GET
THE BEST
WHEN YOU ONLY KNOW IT.
THE SPIRAL HOSE is the only reliable Cotton Hose which is proven by there being so many imitations. The genuine has FOUR distinguishing marks:
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The "Spiral" Cotton Hose, having no outside covering to hold moisture as rubber hose does, dries like a towel. Insist on getting this Hose, as some dealers will try to sell an inferior one.
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INTERCHANGEABLE
For Lady or Gentleman.
MAKERS:
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ACROSS THE WIRES.

Important and Newsy Tales Told by the Telegraph.

Terrible Experience of a Surveying Party in Alaska.

Dr. T. C. Mendenhall, Superintendent of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey, has received several reports from John E. McGrath, of St. Louis, who has charge of one of the parties engaged in determining the 141st parallel, the boundary between the possessions of the United States and Great Britain in Alaska.

Mr. McGrath's party is encamped on the Yukon River, about 1400 miles from Sitka and in one of his reports he tells of the privations experienced by the party during last fall and winter.

Owing to the wreck of the steamship Arctic, which had provisions and other things for the party on board, the surveyors were in danger of starvation, and serious alarm was felt as week after week went by and the steamship did not appear.

In October the river was frozen over. Just before this a party of starving miners came down the river from Forty Mile Creek and insisted on taking from Mr. McGrath a lighter that had been loaned him in order to continue their journey. In the hope of securing provisions two of the surveying party (French and McLarty) were detailed to go with the miners and secure what they could in the way of eatables at a place called Miklukayet, and to put back to camp through the winter by sled and dog. The members of the party had been placed on short rations before French and McLarty left.

"They set out for the main camp in February," says Mr. McGrath, "with a hand sled and a toboggan drawn by three dogs. These they loaded with flour and beans, knowing how scant one lot was, and after seventy days of a journey got into our camp on May 2, having traveled 350 miles, and most of this was gone over thrice, as they could not haul their load all at one time.

"When they reached us they had only the clothes on their back, one pair of blankets and no coats, but on their sleds were 200 pounds of flour. For the last days they cut off the tops of their boots to feed the dogs, gave them deer skins and whatever they could spare. Their own clothes they cached on the way."

The progress of the survey has been greatly retarded by cloudy weather, and Mr. McGrath has determined to remain another year in order that his part of the survey may be finished.

Collections have been made as far as possible of insects and flora. The party has received a large consignment of provisions and is comfortably situated for the weather.

How an Ohio Miser Lived.

The death of George Gilbert, which occurred recently, reveals some strange doings of the man, who was a confirmed miser. During the last fifty years he had lived alone, devoting his time to saving money, which he deposited in banks. It was his boast that his living for a year round did not cost him to exceed three cents per day. In 1855 he sold a neighbor a load of hay for $27. Gilbert punctually collected the interest each year, and last year he accepted the principal, it having earned him over $100. Gilbert leaves an estate valued at from $125,000 to $150,000, and has no relatives living in this part of the country.

Killing Horses to Put Out a Fire.

A widespread and destructive prairie fire ravaged hundreds of thousands of acres along the Little Missouri River a few days ago, about forty miles from the main line of the Northern Pacific Railroad. The great range of the H. T. Cattle Company was swept clear. The fire was put out by means of horses which were killed for the purpose of using them as drags to extinguish the flames. The horses were split up the back and then the carcasses were dragged over the country by long ropes.

An Iowa Town Burned.

Fire the other night almost totally destroyed the town of Oxford, west of Iowa City. Nearly all the business part and many private residences were burned. The Postoffice, the bank, and many other buildings were destroyed. The fire was of incendiary origin. The fire bell rope was cut. The loss is upward of $50,000.

Five Austrian Villages Flooded.

The river Rhine has overflowed its banks and inundated Varadberg, Austria. In that district the villages of Albach, Hohenems, Hoech, Lustenau and Fuessach have been flooded, and a number of bridges have been swept away. Many lives are reported lost.

Lives Lost by a Cellar's Collapse.

The cellar of a brewery in Stoetteritz, Saxony, in which a number of men were at work collapsed, burying sixteen of the workmen. Of those seven were killed and the rest were severely injured.

Eighty Miners Killed.

An explosion occurred in a mine at Borysław, in Galicia, Austria. Eighty miners lost their lives by suffocation.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

EMIL ZOLA, the French novelist, has made $500,000 from his books.

THE estate of the late John Boyle O'Reilly will amount to $150,000.

EDWIN ARNOLD, according to rumor, is going to take a Japanese bride and settle in Japan.

WILLIAM WALTER PHELPS, United States Minister to Germany, no longer wears his hair banged.

HON. W. L. SCOTT has declined the Democratic nomination for Congress from his old district in Pennsylvania.

GEORGE W. CHILDS, the Philadelphia editor and philanthropist, is said to spend and give away $250,000 a year.

GENERAL EZETA, who has led San Salvador's forces so successfully against Guatemala, is only twenty-seven years old.

SENATOR GEORGE, of Mississippi, has a head of long, flowing hair that waves picturesquely about when he is excited.

YOUNG John Jacob Astor is stoop-shouldered, probably in anticipation of the great responsibility he will have to carry in later years.

PRINCE ALEXANDER OF BATTENBURG has adopted the children of Panitza, who was shot for conspiring against the existing Bulgarian regime.

THE Duke of Edinburgh is a clever violinist and also an enthusiastic postage stamp gatherer, his collection being one of the most complete in the world.

COMMISSIONER OF PENSIONS RAUM is a short man of medium weight, keen-looking and bald on the top of his head. His chin is covered with whiskers.

PRESIDENT ROBERTS, of the Pennsylvania Railroad, started life as a track hand thirty years ago. The combined salaries he receives now amount to $100,000 a year.

ROBERT P. PORTER, the Superintendent of the Census, has the physique of an athlete. He is an active, clean-shaven man, dark complexioned, with black eyes and black hair.

THE Marquis of Salisbury, the Premier of Great Britain, owns 20,000 acres of land in England. As much of it lies within the corporate limits of London, he is enormously rich.

JUSTICE BRADLEY, of the United States Supreme Court, is an expert mathematician. He has been known to make almanacs and calendars just to keep his mind in good working order.

THE Queen of Italy has maintained her reputation for pluck and endurance by climbing the Mountain of Monza, 10,000 feet high, during a rainstorm, which turned into snow before the top was reached

DR. NORVIN GREEN, the head of the Western Union Telegraph Company, is a Kentuckian of giant frame, nearly seventy-three years of age. He was a practising physician in the early days of his career.

JOHN M. STEADMAN, of Brockport, N. Y., who has accepted an appointment as biologist in the Agricultural Department at Washington, graduated from Cornell University two years ago, and is only twenty-four years old.

SENATOR EDMUNDS, of Vermont, has a very lucrative law practice, and is continually obliged to decline business that is brought to him. It is alleged that the Senator is not so old as he looks, and that he may be good for a decade more of Senatorial life.

PROBABLY the smallest millionaire in the country is Jacob Seligman, of New York city, who is hardly more than four feet high. He came from Germany when a boy and went to Michigan twenty years ago without a dollar. His fortune is now estimated at $15,000,000.

THE breaking out of the influenza in Iceland has caused a considerable panic, as the consequences of the disease there have been serious. Of the 57,000 inhabitants in 1843 2000 died of the influenza, and in 1876 1500 persons were carried off by the same disease.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

AN unusually heavy surf at Asbury Park, N. J., caused an estimated damage of $20,000.

THE two factions of workingmen in New York city had a parade on Labor Day, the aggregate number of men in line being about 30,000. In Brooklyn the parades numbered 10,000. Parades also took place in Pittsburg, Boston, New Haven and other places.

A NATIONAL conference of Single Tax clubs held a three days' session in New York city. Henry George, who has just returned from a lecturing tour abroad, and other leading Single Tax men were present.

THE New York Republican State Committee, at a meeting in New York city, unanimously nominated Judge Robert Earl, a Democrat, as the party candidate for Judge of the Court of Appeals.

BY the fall of a scaffold in New Orleans William Harvey, carpenter, was instantly killed; two painters, named Henry Albright and William Ray, were fatally injured, and several others were seriously hurt.

THE Vermont election resulted in the success of Carroll S. Page for Governor, and the rest of the Republican State ticket, on a light vote.

THE New York State Board of Arbitration began an investigation in the Metropolis of the Central Railroad strike "controversy;" Third Vice-President Webb, Mr. Powderly, Grand Master of the Knights of Labor, and others testified.

THE New Hampshire Democrats, at their State convention in Concord, nominated Dorrance B. Currier for Governor.

FIRE followed the explosion of a coal oil lamp, in Philadelphia, and Mrs. Sarah McIntyre, sixty years old; Mamie McIntyre, ten years old, and Annie Logue, seventeen years old, were burned to death.

SPEAKER REED, of the National House of Representatives, while on his way to Maine to take part in the political canvass there, stopped over at Boston, and in Faneuil Hall addressed a large and enthusiastic audience.

THREE men were killed by deadly gases in a vault on Staten Island, N. Y.

THE New York firm of Sawyer, Wallace & Co., one of the largest general commission houses in the country, has failed, with estimated liabilities of over $1,000,000.

South and West.

AN epidemic of crime has been sweeping over Cincinnati. There were six murders in as many days, and numerous lesser crimes in the same time.

THREE people lost their lives in a fire which destroyed the Wolford House at Como, Col.

FIRE almost totally destroyed the town of Oxford, La.

LABOR DAY was celebrated in Chicago, San Francisco and other cities by big parades of workingmen.

GOVERNOR EAGLE has been re-elected Governor of Arkansas by an increased majority.

FOUR persons were killed instantly and eleven others injured by the wreck of a passenger train on the Northern Pacific Railroad in Washington.

THE sloop yacht Petrel capsized just outside the border of San Francisco, and the six persons on board were drowned.

SIX THOUSAND Chicago carpenters quit work because a promised advance in wages had not been made.

THE Kansas Republicans have nominated a State ticket headed by L. A. Humphreys for Governor.

MRS. J. H. WEAVER, of Indianapolis, fell dead while reading "A Strange Ending."

EX-GOVERNOR E. F. NOYES, of Ohio, died suddenly of apoplexy in Cincinnati. He was born in Massachusetts in 1832, was elected Governor of Ohio in 1871, and in 1877 was sent to France as United States Minister.

FRANK P. SCHIFFBAUR, Mayor of Arkansas City, Kan., has been arrested on a charge of embezzling $9847.63 of the city's money.

Washington.

THE President has approved the joint resolution making an appropriation for the relief of the destitute in Oklahoma.

DURING August the public debt was decreased $888,072.75. Total cash in the Treasury, $694,557,141.07.

AS agreed to in Conference Committee of both Houses, the River and Harbor bill appropriated $24,981,205.

IT has just been made public that five months ago Ex-Senator T. C. Platt, of New York, declined President Harrison's offer to appoint him United States Minister to Spain. In his letter of declination Mr. Platt said that he was precluded by numerous business obligations from accepting the offer.

IN response to a resolution of the New York Board of Aldermen, demanding that a new census of the city be taken, Superintendent Porter says that there is no reason at all for a recount. The overflow of New York's population into New Jersey and Brooklyn, he says, sufficiently accounts for the comparatively low percentage of increase in the population of the metropolis.

A CLEVERLY executed counterfeit ten dollar bill of the Germania National Bank, of New Orleans, is in circulation.

Foreign.

FIFTEEN persons were killed at a fire in a Hungarian village.

PROMINENT French papers favor the removal of the prohibition of the importation of American pork into France.

ASIATIC cholera has broken out in several country districts of Portugal.

FIVE HUNDRED delegates took part in the Trades Union Congress at Liverpool.

THE British steamer Portuense, from New York, foundered near the Island of Anegada, British West Indies, and ten of the people on board were reported missing.

EXTENSIVE forest fires have done great damage in Russia.

OWING to an overflow of the Woldan River many villages in the Danube Valley, in Austria, have been partially submerged.

MINISTER PHELPS, in an interview at Berlin, expressed the belief that public opinion in Germany was hastening the removal of the restrictions against American swine.

A BRIDGE over the Molden River at Prague, Austria, collapsed, and thirty persons were drowned.

FOUR persons were killed and twenty injured by the derailing of an express train, near Calais, France.

THE American revolutionary party has issued a manifesto urging the people of Armenia to fight the Turkish tyrants to the death.

MISTAKEN FOR A BEAR.

While Hunting for Bruin One Man Kills Another in Canada.

John Melville and John Brown, of Cumberland, in company with Melville's son started out to hunt for bears which had been destroying their grain in the vicinity of Cumberland, Canada. As is customary in such cases, the hunters each erected a scaffold, for the double purpose of obtaining a wider range of observation and of giving shelter in case of an attack from the bears. Before the men separated for their perches it was agreed that one of them should descend to the ground without first signaling his companions. This was about 8:30 o'clock P. M.

For over two hours, with his gun loaded with two bullets, Melville, senior, remained patiently on the watch, and at last saw some dark object move among the grain. He took good aim and fired. The report was followed by a human shriek. Horrified, he rushed to the spot and found John Brown, bleeding, speechless, and dying, one bullet having penetrated his breast and the other the neck. He expired in a few moments and his companions took the body home.

A REBEL GENERAL KILLED.

Barrundia, the Guatemalan Revolutionist, Shot on an American Ship.

A San Jose de Guatemala dispatch says: "Everything was prepared to capture the revolutionist, General Martin Barrundia, who was on board a passing American steamer. The Port Captain, with several companions, boarded the steamer and demanded the surrender of Barrundia from Captain Pitts, who answered that he would deliver up the revolutionist and invited them to Barrundia's cabin. The Assistant Chief of Police, Captain Calderon, and three officers were among those who went with the captain to the cabin. When there Major Toriello made known to Barrundia that the captain of the vessel had decided to deliver him up. Barrundia thereupon opened fire with his revolver upon the party, who answered his fire. Barrundia fell, riddled with bullets. His body was taken to the Port Captain's office.

JOHN NOAKES, four and a half years old, living at Stoke-on-Trent, England, murdered a playmate by shoving him in the river. He nearly succeeded in depriving two others of their lives in the same manner.

BOLD TRAIN ROBBERS.

Ten Men Go Through an Express Car in Alabama.

The Frightened Passengers Intimidated by Pistol Shots.

The Louisville and Northern train from New Orleans reached Flomaton, Ala., about 11 o'clock the other night. Two men emerged from the swamp, and running close to the train, made their way to the engine. They climbed up over the tender and covered the engineer and fireman with pistols. With hands up, they were made to crawl over the tender to the front platform of the express car and open the door. Here two other outlaws joined them, and as soon as the door was opened they rushed into the express car and fired two shots to intimidate the messenger. At the same time a volley of shots was fired from other outlaws who stood on either side of the train near the baggage car to prevent any one from the rear of the train coming toward the express car.

The passengers were very much frightened and began stowing article of value away in hiding places about the car, expecting the robbers to give them a visit as soon as they finished with the messenger. While two of the men kept the engineer and firemen covered with their revolvers two others paid their respects to the express messenger. He was made to unlock his safe and turn over all the valuables in it to the gang. It was not certain how much they got, but the passengers declared they made a good haul. They said it was asserted on the train that the robbers took $30,000 from the express messenger.

After finishing their work in the express car the robbers fired another volley to intimidate the passengers, and then made off into the swamp with their booty. The passengers began recovering the articles they had hidden, and then the train hurried on its way, having been delayed forty minutes by the bold outlaws. It was a neat piece of criminal work, performed by ten men, and it was the belief of everyone on the train that it was done by Rube Burrows and his gang.

A careful examination by the express officials at Mobile showed that only a portion of the packages in the express safe in the car which was robbed was taken, and the loss is not over $2000.

THE BIGGEST COTTON CROP.

All Former Yields Exceeded by More Than a Quarter Million Bales.

The New Orleans Exchange has issued the official report of the cotton crop of the United States for the commercial year ending with the close of August, 1890, made up by Secretary Hesler. The report says that the total crop amounts to 7,311,322 bales, exceeding the largest crop ever grown by 265,489 bales and the crop of last year by 373,032.

The total Southern consumption for the past year is reported at 546,363 bales, against 481,253 bales last year. The number of mills in operation is 270, with 1,965,191 spindles. Thirty-nine new mills, with 241,864 spindles, have commenced working during the year and fifteen new mills have been completed and will be at work this fall. Forty-four mills are idle, a number of which expect to start up again at an early date. The total number of mills in the South is now 330, with 40,819 looms and 1,819,240 spindles. Secretary Hesler says the increase of spindles during the past year is equivalent to nearly one-half of the entire number reported in the South by the census of 1880.

Not only is the crop of 1889-90 the largest ever produced, but it has moved off with unexampled rapidity and brought full prices throughout the year, netting to the farming interest a handsome surplus.

SEVEN BOYS KILLED,

They Made a Bonfire of Cartridges With Terrible Results.

A number of boys were playing in the field near Hemmerstein, Prussia, formerly used for military manœuvres, when they found some cartridges and thrust them into a bonfire to hear them explode. The cartridges proved more powerful than the boys expected. A frightful series of explosions occurred, and seven of the boys were so badly injured by the flying fragments that they died soon afterward.

A FLOODED ISLAND,

Over 150 Houses Destroyed and Many Lives Lost Near St. Petersburg.

A flood in the vicinity of St. Petersburg has caused the destruction of over 150 workmen's houses on an island in the Neva. About 300 other dwellings are inundated and made uninhabitable. Many of the occupants of the destroyed huts were drowned.

The flood came suddenly in the darkness, and escape was difficult. The survivors remained in water up to their knees for many hours before assistance came. Among the sufferers were many women.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

SPAIN'S wheat crop is short.

THE Irish potato crop is ruined.

LONDON is having a cholera scare.

ICE is $50 a ton at Aspinwall, Panama.

CHICAGO is the eighth city in the world.

THE population of Missouri is 2,788,000.

CROPS of all kinds are unusually good throughout Louisiana.

IN the United States there is a doctor to every 600 of population.

NO fewer than 600,000 children are insured in Great Britain every year.

THE British naval manœuvres just concluded cost a million dollars.

BEES stung a pair of horses to death at Steubenville, Ohio, a few days ago.

THE Southern Methodists will build a $100,000 temple in Birmingham, Ala.

THE cholera is spreading along the Mediterranean shore north of Valencia, Spain.

DURING four hours of a recent morning there were four murders in Cincinnati.

THE Grant monument committee, of New York city, has now in its hands $150,000.

THE aggregate membership of the Baptist churches in the United States is 3,070,047.

THIS year's production of coal in the United States will be about 140,000,000 tons

THERE are six farmers in the United States Senate and thirty-five of them in the House

MORE than 5000 men in New York city do business under protection of their wives' names.

TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND Italians are said to be living in Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic.

THE total immigration this year to August 1, was 298,534, against 339,145 in the same time last year.

THE authorities of Finland have forbidden the Salvation Army to carry on propaganda work in that country.

IT is claimed that the potato crop of the United States will be short 100,000,000 bushels and the European crop short 230,000,000 bushels.

THE frozen meat trade of New Zealand has developed remarkably. More than 1,000,000 carcases are now sent yearly to England.

IT is estimated that the colored people in this country own $363,000,000 of property, more than one-half of which is in the Southern States.

SNOW is being shoveled out of the Alpine Tunnel, on the Union Pacific Road, for the purpose of getting out about fifty cars that were snowed in last winter.

FROM the forests of white and Norway pines in the Rainy River country, of Minnesota, 18,000,000 feet of lumber have been stolen during the past year.

GLANDERS broke out in a band of horses owned by Colonel Waters, of Miles City, Montana, and sixteen animals were killed to prevent the disease spreading.

THE Russian Government has decided to take energetic measures to restrain emigration agents from persuading peasants to venture abroad and especially to Brazil.

THE military manœuvres at Montichiari, Italy, with smokeless powder were a great success. The batteries of artillery fired half an hour without their presence being discovered.

THE Corn Fair opened at Vienna, Austria, with a good attendance. In the crop estimates for the world, America is credited with 414,000,000 bushels of wheat and 1,600,000,000 bushels of maize against 491,000,000 bushels of wheat and 2,113,000,000 bushels of maize in 1889. England is credited with an average yield.

RESIDENT Hebrews in London, England, are to build in that city the largest and finest synagogue in the world, to cost $500,000.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

THERE have been seventeen whitewashes in the Players' League.

THERE have been thirty-seven shut-outs in the National League.

CRANE and Connor now lead the New York Players in batting.

THE Omaha Club has relased Pitcher Sowders of last year's Bostons.

THE New York Players' Club has more than paid expenses up to date.

THE Boston League team has been a good drawing card only in Chicago.

IT cost the Cincinnati Club $1500 to secure Latham's release from St. Louis.

GETZEIN, of the Boston League, has an unlucky inning in about every game he pitches.

THE Pittsburg Club, of the National League, sent but nine men upon the recent trip to Chicago.

LOUISVILLE is so baseball crazy that even the one-legged boys scale the fence and fall into the grounds.

WITH another strong pitcher Brooklyn would stand a splendid chance for the Players' League championship.

THE Cuban Giants, the famous New Jersey colored club, are going to California, and they may keep on to Australia.

PITCHER GUMBERT'S contract with the Pittsburg League Club stipulates that he shall only pitch in home games.

AS the season draws to a close there seems to be a noticeable increase in the attendance at both the National League and the Brotherhood games.

THERE is quite a friendly dispute in the Players' League over the beauty of its various parks. Cleveland, Chicago and Brooklyn all claim their own as the prettiest.

THE total attendance for the first 363 Players' League games played this year, according to turnstile count, is 736,218, and for the first 368 National League games 501,471.

MCPHEE, of Cincinnati, has probably made more two-base hits than any other League player. He has knocked out twenty-seven. He also made thirteen triples and two home runs.

PHILADELPHIA, in the National League, has had the largest total attendance, 205,016, but, as this is a twenty-five cent city, 70,000 wants to be taken away to bring them to the same financial basis as the others.

DENNY, Glasscock and Bassett have fallen off woefully in batting. The men who are doing the best work for the New York League Club are the youngsters who have no three year contracts and prime $ salaries.

CAPTAIN RAYMOND, of Louisville, would rank high as a batter if he did not work so much for the interest of the club. He never fails to make a sacrifice, or at least attempt it, when it is needed. That is what wins games.

IN the pitcher's box John Ewing, of the New York Players' team, is without a rival in exemplifying the poetry of motion. Nothing could be more graceful than John's evolutions in the act of pitching the ball to the batsman.

THE Boston team is the best home attraction, leading the Players' League in total attendance, but Ward's Wonders, of Brooklyn, are the best road attraction, having drawn a larger total attendance than any visiting team.

MANAGER HECKER, of the Pittsburg League Club, had trouble finding a uniform for Pitcher Gibson. The lad is six feet two inches, and weighs 130 pounds. If a ball ever strikes him, the players will examine the ball to see if it cut.

GLASSCOCK, of the New York League team, has a trick of running toward the home plate when a man is on third and a ball is hit to the field. The idea is to confuse the fielder and make him throw home with the idea of retiring what he supposes is the base runner. Then the man on first can easily get to second on the throw in.

TIM KEEFE, of the New York Players' Club, has met with an unfortunate accident which will necessitate his retirement from the diamond for at least a month, which is a pretty serious thing for the Giants with the race so close and the end of the season so near at hand. During practice he attempted to catch a fly ball batted by Slattery, but the ball caught him on the top of the forefinger of the pitching hand, breaking the bone at the first joint and tearing a big rent in the flesh.

PLAYERS' LEAGUE RECORD.

	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.		Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Boston	70	41	.631	Chicago	60	54	.526
Brooklyn	68	47	.591	Pittsburg	47	59	.443
New York	67	45	.598	Cleveland	43	65	.398
Philadel'a	60	54	.526	Buffalo	29	79	.269

NATIONAL LEAGUE RECORD.

	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.		Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Brooklyn	77	36	.681	Chicago	63	49	.563
Boston	72	43	.626	New York	53	62	.461
Philadel.	68	45	.602	Cleveland	31	77	.287
Cincin'ati.	65	44	.596	Pittsburg	20	93	.177

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION RECORD.

	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.		Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Louisville	66	30	.647	Columbus	57	49	.538
St. Louis	61	45	.575	Rochester	52	49	.515
Toledo	54	47	.535	Syracuse	42	60	.412
Athletic	54	50	.519	Baltimore	28	78	.264

ATLANTIC ASSOCIATION RECORD.

	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.		Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
N. Haven	74	27	.733	Lebanon	48	45	.516
Newark	54	48	.529	Harts'g	42	65	.393

THE LABOR WORLD.

MEDIATION has averted the labor crisis in Wales.

THE Australian labor market is overstocked.

OVER 11,000 miners are on a strike in the Borinage district in Belgium.

LABOR troubles continue to disturb business in Australia and Europe.

THE American Upholsterers' Union has been organized in New York city.

AT a recent meeting of the boiler-makers of Boston, Mass., it was voted to form a union.

THE shipping strike in Melbourne, Australia, has caused a general paralysis of business.

MARTIN IRONS, the once great labor dictator, now sells peanuts in a St. Louis (Mo.) depot.

THE Italian Masons' Protective Union, of New York city, reports that it has now over 3000 members.

JAY GOULD and the Vanderbilts are said to be working in harmony for the protection of mutual interests.

A NATIONAL organization of Paper Hangers was formed at the recent convention held at Kansas City, Mo.

THE lace industry on the Isle of Wight, long neglected, has been revived through the efforts of Princess Beatrice.

MISS ANNIE A. DE BARR has received a license as a mechanical engineer from the Chicago (Ill.) Board of Engineers.

THE congress of German miners was called to meet at Halle on September 15. The session was to last until September 20.

THERE are sixteen locomotive engineers who have each served the Erie Railroad at the throttle for twenty-five years or more.

AT last accounts there were 370 local unions in the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and its total membership was 27,000.

AT a conference of British shipowners, representing a capital of $400,000,000, it was decided to unite in a fight against the labor unions.

ALL employes of the New Jersey Central Railroad have been notified that they must abstain from the use of intoxicating liquors while on or off duty.

THE proprietors of the South Jersey glass factories have agreed to reduce the hours of labor to nine for five days in the week and eight on Saturdays.

GRAND MASTER WORKMAN POWDERLY, of the K. of L., dresses neatly in black, and his linen is always clean and spotless. His head is bald and he wears gold-rimmed spectacles.

WILLIAM T. FIELD, nominee of the Montana Labor party for Congressman, is a locomotive engineer and under thirty-five years of age. He was a member of the State Constitutional Convention last year.

THE weavers of the Eulengebirge have petitioned the German Emperor to help them. By working fourteen hours for six days out of seven they say they can earn only $1.25 each weekly. Their wives earn about sixty-five cents each weekly at the looms.

THE Secretary of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners reports that in four years carpenters's wages in 413 cities have been advanced from twenty-five to seventy-five cents a day. Besides, the carpenters have scored a general eight hour victory.

THE curing of raisins and prunes in California is in full blast. The prune crop will be very close to 15,000,000 pounds. The prices for dried fruits are steadily augmenting. The season of 1890 bids fair to be remembered in the horticultural history of California.

THE Seventh National Bank of Kochi, Japan, has been robbed by officers of $194,000; a Chinese firm at Osaka, Japan, has lost by the defalcation and flight of one of its employes $150 000.

FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

In the Senate.

195TH DAY.—The remaining paragraphs of the Agricultural schedule of the Tariff bill and the Wine and Spirits schedule were disposed of, and the Wool schedule was taken up....Mr. Edmunds offered a resolution for a recess of Congress from September 19 to November 10.

196TH DAY.—The Wool schedule of the Tariff bill was discussed, and Mr. Carlisle's amendment placing wool on the free list was defeated....The House amendment to the Senate bill giving a pension of $100 a month to the widow of General Hartranft was disagreed to and a conference asked.

197TH DAY.—The Wool and Silk schedules of the Tariff bill were disposed of, and Mr. Sherman offered an amendment looking to reciprocity with Canada....Mr. Plumb gave notice of an amendment which he proposed to offer, imposing an annual tax of three per cent. on dividends of corporations, including interest on bonds....Amendments looking to a reduction of rates were offered on the Democratic side, and were rejected without the formality of yea and nay votes, to paragraphs 376 to 380.

198TH DAY.—The sugar schedule of the Tariff bill was discussed and Mr. Hale made a speech on reciprocity. The subject was discussed at length, and debate was continued at an evening session.

199TH DAY.—The Sugar Schedule of the Tariff bill was again under consideration, and speeches were made by Messrs. Evarts, Edmunds and Voorhees....At the evening session Mr. Pierce spoke in favor of reciprocity.

200TH DAY.—Mr. Ingalls, the presiding officer, announced that general debate on the Tariff bill had closed. The bill was then taken up under the agreement limiting the discussion on each subject to five minutes for each Senator.

In the House.

205TH DAY.—Immediately after the reading of the journal, the House went into Committee of the Whole (Mr. Allen, of Michigan, in the chair) on the private calendar. The first bill to be considered was that which has been pending for the last sixteen weeks, the "O.-nnibus" Southern War Claims bill. It was passed....At its evening session the House passed seventy-two private pension bill.

200TH DAY.—The bill amending the Alien Contract law was passed....The bill prohibiting the employment of convict labor on public works was passed; also, the bill to prevent the purchase of supplies the product of convict labor by the United States.... The conference report on the bill to prevent collisions at sea was adopted.

207TH DAY.—Mr. Smyser, of Ohio, withdrew as a member of the committee investigating the office of Pension Commissioner Raum....Mr. Perkins moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill to ratify and confirm the agreements with the Sac and Fox and Iowa tribes of Indians in Oklahoma, and after an explanation of its scope by Messrs. Perkins and Peel the bill passed.

208TH DAY.—The Clayton-Breckinridge election case was called up and speeches upon it were made by members of the majority and minority of the Elections Committee....Mr. Cannon, from the Committee on Appropriations, made a statement in regard to the appropriations made by the 51st Congress as compared with those of the previous Congress; a minority report also was presented by Mr. Sayres.

209TH DAY.—The Clayton-Breckinridge election case was again discussed, and speeches for and against the unseating of Mr. Breckinridge were made. After others had addressed the House, Mr. Kennedy, of Ohio, made a speech in which he denounced Senator Quay and the other Republican Senators for delaying action on the Force bill.

210TH DAY.—Mr. Cummings, rising to a question of privilege, protested against his "blacklisting" by the recent Cannon resolution. An animated discussion followed, and points of order were frequently raised.... The Clayton-Breckinridge election case again came up, and after several members had spoken it went over.

HIS STATURE DECREASED.

A Curious Case of Shrinkage of the Human Form.

Death has ended the career of Alexander Sorden, of Harrington, Md., for nearly twenty years clerk to the Levy Court of Carolina County, at the age of eighty-five years. He has been a source of wonder to physicians for many years. Without success they have been examining into a peculiar physical shrinking that followed sickness, causing his stature to become one foot less than it was during health.

A Surprise in Store for Him.

A dozen years ago a farm lying a few miles out from Pittsburg was the home of a man whose thrift was of a sort that made his neighbors like to have things in black and white when dealing with him. He had a son who inherited his father's characteristics, who went West at an early age and finally died there after rather a checkered career. It chanced that the old man was very ill—at the point of death, indeed—when the news of the son's demise reached the farm house. The only other member of the family at home was a widowed daughter, whose ideas upon most subjects—religious ones in particular—were unique. A neighbor called at the homestead to proffer his condolences upon the death of the son and inquire concerning the condition of the father.

"He must have been greatly affected to learn of his son's death," suggested the visitor.

"Oh!" sweetly replied the daughter; "I have not told him. I thought it would be such a pleasant surprise to him when he met John in the pearly streets of heaven."

Not So Near Sighted After All.

"Herbert," she said with a melting mellifluousness in her voice that sounded like the ripple of an orange ice as it thaws, "Herbert!"

"What is it?" asked Herbert. And the cold firmness of his tones showed that he meant every word of it.

"Would you love me just as well if you knew that I am very near sighted?"

"Why, why," he stammered, "of course I would; but are you?"

"Yes, I am afraid so. Just as a test—I can't read a word of that sign across the street; can you?"

"Yes," said Herbert, resignedly, "I can. It says, 'Ice cream.'"—*Washington Post.*

THE MARKETS.

36	NEW YORK.		
Beeves	4 40	@	4 90
Milch Cows, com. to good	25 00	@	50 00
Calves, common to prime	2 75	@	6 50
Sheep	3 50	@	5 25
Lambs	5 50	@	7 00
Hogs—Live	4 20	@	4 65
Dressed	5	@	7
Flour—City Mill Extra	5 10	@	5 25
Patents	5 60	@	6 35
Wheat—No. 2 Red	1 03⅝	@	1 04⅛
Rye—State	67	@	69
Barley—Two-rowed State	80	@	90
Corn—Ungraded Mixed	53¼	@	54¼
Oats—No. 1 White	—	@	45
Mixed Western	38	@	42
Hay—Good	55	@	65
Straw—Long Rye	70	@	75
Lard—City Steam	—	@	6.00c
Butter—State Creamery	18	@	25
Dairy, fair to good	14	@	20
West. Im. Creamery	10	@	17
Factory	8	@	13
Cheese—State Factory	7	@	9¼
Skims—Light	2	@	2¾
Western	5¾	@	7¼
Eggs—State and Penn	21	@	21¾
BUFFALO.			
Steers—Western	2 45	@	4 50
Sheep—Medium to Good	4 60	@	4 80
Lambs—Fair to Good	5 00	@	5 05
Hogs—Good to Choice Yorks	4 50	@	4 60
Flour—Family	5 85	@	4 50
Wheat—No. 1 Northern	1 15	@	1 15¾
Corn—No. 3, Yellow	50¾	@	51¾
Oats—No. 2, White	—	@	40
Barley—No. 1 Canada	64	@	65
BOSTON.			
Egg—Near-by	23	@	25
Seeds—Timothy, Northern	2 25	@	2 50
Clover, Northern	10	@	11
Hay—Fair	13 00	@	14 00
Straw—Good to Prime	15 00	@	16 00
Butter—Firsts	19	@	22
WATERTOWN (MASS.) CATTLE MARKET.			
Beef—Dressed weight	4¾	@	6¾
Sheep—Live weight	4	@	6
Lambs	5	@	7
Hogs—Northern	4	@	5
PHILADELPHIA.			
Flour—Penn. family	—	@	3 75
Wheat—No. 2, Red, Sep	1 00	@	1 00¼
Corn—No. 2, Mixed, Sep	52¾	@	53¾
Oats—Ungraded White	—	@	41¾
Potatoes	18	@	48
Butter—Creamery Extra	18	@	20
Cheese—Part skims	5	@	6

MRS. EMMA P. EWING an authority on cooking, agues that the culinary art has a great influence on public morality. "Of the many drunkards who die in the United States every year," she asserts, "a large proportion have the appetite for intoxicating drinks aggravated, if not implanted, by the food which constitutes their daily diet. Grease-soaked meats, watery vegetables, sloppy coffee and bad bread in many cases compel a resort to stimulants. Poor coffee produces unnatural thirst for lager beer, and there is a terrible affinity between sour bread and sour-mash whisky. A healthy stomach has no abnormal craving for either liquor, cigars, candy or chewing-gum."

A METAL has been produced that will melt at a temperature of 150 degrees. It is an alloy composed of lead, tin, bismuth and cadmium and in weight, hardness and color resembles type metal. It melts so easily that, placed on a comparatively cool part of the stove, with a piece of paper under it, it will melt without the paper being scorched. It will not retain heat, but becomes cold the moment it melts. It is used in the manufacture of the little automatic fire alarms for hotels. They give an electric alarm when the metal melts, owing to the rising of the temperature.

THE accounts of a pill-maker who has just died in England show that he has been spending $200,000 a year for advertising. His heirs, however, are finding no particular fault with this extravagance, as he leaves an estate valued at $25,000,000—all due to pills and advertising.

South Americans Reverence Coca.

From time out of mind the tribes of the of the southern continent have regarded coca with extreme reverence, worshiping the shrub itself and using its leaves in their religious ceremonies. Inca priests shewed it during divine service, and it was believed that unless those worthies were well supplied with coca the favor of the gods could not be propitiated. During the 350 years that have intervened Christianity has not been able to eradicate this deep-rooted idolatry. To this day it is the general belief that any business undertaken without the benediction of coca leaves cannot prosper. The Indian workmen throw coca suds upon hard veins of metal to soften the ore and lighten their labors. In every ancient grave a supply of coca leaves is found with the mummy, and the Indians of to-day put the same into the mouths of their dead in order to secure for them a more favorable reception in the unknown world. Whenever a wandering Peruvian happens to fall in with a mummy, a not uncommon occurence, since the whole country is one vast cemetery, he reverently presents it with a few coca leaves, believing that the soul which once inhabited the shriveled body will report his generosity to the lord of the better country.—*Washington Star.*